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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta — Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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LE HAVRE SURRENDERS TO BRITISH TROOPS

U. S. Forces Probe Siegfried Line

Nazi Resistance Around Mersch And Luxembourg

S.H.A.E.F., Sept. 12.

General Eisenhower's Communique to-day stated "Allied troops crossed the Luxembourg and German frontiers, and to the south, have established contact with Allied forces advancing from Southern France.

In the Moselle valley, we are continuing to meet stubborn resistance along the river. Further north, troops which made the crossing of the German frontier in force are now in the area north-west of Trier.

Earlier forces which liberated the city of Luxembourg had encountered enemy delaying action north-east of Mersch. In the Ardennes, gain have been made in the vicinity of Bastogne. Advances south of Liege have taken our troops across the road between Harre and Aywaille. Ten miles east of Liege, we have occupied Herve after encountering scattered enemy resistance. We have also reached Juprelle on the Liege-Tongres Road. The bridgehead over the Albert Canal has been enlarged, in spite of stubborn enemy resistance.

East of Ghent, we have liberated Lokeren and Saint Nicholas. On the coast, Allied troops have reached Blankenberghe. Between Calais and Cap Gris Nez, we have taken Wissant and Sangatte.

Enemy gun positions and strong points between Metz and Thionville were attacked by strong forces of medium and light bombers yesterday. There was no opposition in the air, but heavy flak was encountered.

Aircraft yesterday afternoon attacked four large minesweepers off Christiansand and left them on fire. During the night, light bombers attacked transport targets in Holland and Germany."

Reuter adds Aumentz is north of Metz and west of Moselle. Eucen is five miles from Germany and 45 miles from Cologne. Mersch is ten miles north of Luxemburg and 18 miles from the German border. Bastogne is 17 miles from the German border. Herve is ten miles east of Liege. Juprelle is on the road to the Albert Canal. St. Nicholas is 20 miles from Ghent and twelve miles from Antwerp. Blankenberghe is a seaside resort between Ostend and Zeebrugge. Wissant and Sangatte are opposite to Dover on the coast between Calais and Cap Gris Nez.

Berlin Communique

Today's German Communique said: "North of Hasselt, the enemy managed to penetrate with strong infantry and armoured forces in the direction of Eindhoven. Counter attacks have begun. Fighting was particularly fierce east and south-east of Liege and in the Metz area, where our troops offered embittered resistance to the advancing enemy.

U. S. Troops On Siegfried Line

S.H.A.E.F., Sept. 12: From Reuter's Special Correspondent:—American troops are now inside Germany in force and probing one of the weakest sectors of the Siegfried line. Although no further advance is reported to-day, General Hodges' troops north-west of Trier are poised on the vital roads leading to Coblenz and the Ruhr. Ahead of them on either side of the Moselle is thickly wooded country with rough ground and razor back hills in the sector between the Moselle and the Rhine. But there is a good road net work leading through the wood into the heart of Germany.

Other American units have been brought within twelve miles of Germany by the capture of Herve ten miles east of Liege.

General Dempsey's British troops now operating in the vicinity of the Dutch border control the best crossing of the Escaut Canal. The Germans are speeding up the evacuation of other troops from the pocket south of the Sheldt to Flushing.

From Reuter's Special Correspondent with the Second Army, Tuesday: British patrol and reconnaissance forces are probing into Holland after slashing across the Dutch frontier. Our bridgehead across the Albert Canal has been stretched, and our bridgehead across the Meuse Canal has been extended and consolidated. A liaison officer said "Our armoured spearhead is meeting considerable and annoying opposition. Enemy infantry is very active with its anti-tank guns.

Two Armies Link Up

According to the Mediterranean Communique, the 7th Army has established contact with the third army in Eastern France, where further north-ward advances have been made into areas from which the enemy continues trying to withdraw his remaining forces. After occupying the important communications centre of Dijon French troops kept up the momentum of their drive and forward elements reached a Sur Tille 14 miles beyond. The town of Sombernon in this sector was occupied with little resistance.

Approximately 3,200 prisoners were taken in a clash with enemy columns in the vicinity of Autun, forty miles south-west of Dijon. American forces reached the outskirts of Vesoul in northward advance from Doubs and Ozon rivers. Substantial progress has been made in this sector against heavy resistance, which includes artillery and tanks.

Reuter's Special Correspondent cables:—

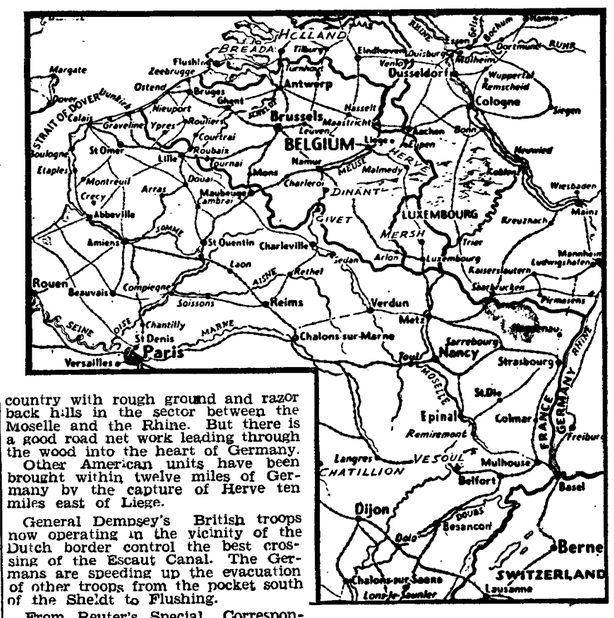
Simultaneous with the invasion of Germany, the Allied armies in west have by a tenuous link up near Belfort formed a continuous front from the Channel to the Mediterranean. Some of the heaviest resistance along the whole front is being encountered around Luxemburg and Mersch on the Alzelle river. The Germans have minefields to back up their position here. Along the whole northern sector of the Front, Allied armies are steadily closing up to the German frontier. More gains have been made in Ardennes in the area around Bastogne eighteen miles from the border.

Allied Progress

Radiating from Liege, the Allies made gains northward, eastward and southward. The Americans have captured Fort Eben Email, four miles south of Maastricht and one mile from the Dutch frontier, also Eupen, Malmedy and Spa south of Aachen and six miles from the German frontier.

The French have continued to drive north and northwest of Dijon and have occupied Saint Seine L'Abbae, about fifteen miles north-west of Dijon, Valsuzon and Courtivron without resistance.

The Americans have knocked out another German General, Maj.-Gen Albin Rake, Commander of the 159th Reserve Division. They strafed and wrecked the car in which he was travelling near Vesoul. The General was critically wounded but not taken prisoner.



GERMAN GARRISON SURRENDERS

(From Reuter's Special Correspondent with the First Canadian Army—Tuesday)—The German garrison in Le Havre surrendered to British troops of General Crearar's 1st Canadian army at 11-30 a.m. to-day. The German Commander had been badly wounded, and his Deputy surrendered the garrison, ordering the German troops to lay down their arms. The surrender came just 36 hours after the British had launched an all-out assault on the vital port.

FRANCE NEARLY LIBERATED

LONDON, Sept. 12.—Gen. De Gaulle in a nation-wide broadcast on the F.F.I. radio to-day said that 5-6th of France had completed its liberation, and thereby brilliantly demonstrated the country's will to fight.

General Koenig's Communique to-day said that the French forces of the Interior have forced a German column of 18,000 to surrender in Issoudun province.

JAP PREMIER SOUNDS WARNING

LONDON, Sept. 12: Tokyo radio broadcast a message from the Japanese Prime Minister to the Japanese people to-day saying: "The war situation which faces us is very serious and we hope that all Japanese will give all their energy to their various tasks".—Reuter

ROOSEVELT-CHURCHILL TALKS

QUEBEC, Sept. 12.—From Reuter's special correspondent President Roosevelt and Mr. Churchill will hold their first meeting with joint Chiefs of Staff today to plan all-out war on Japan, a conference spokesman announced.

Mr. Churchill and President Roosevelt worked far into the night and were at it again today discussing plans for the coming all-out offensive against Japan.

Mr. Churchill has set himself a stiff programme. He worked throughout the voyage and had his charts, maps and papers out again half an hour after he had landed in Canada.

Staggering Toll Of Malaria In Bihar

PATNA, Sept. 12.

Mr. Srikrishna Sinha, ex-Premier, has returned from a tour of the epidemic affected areas in Purnea district and in a statement describes the conditions there.

"The number of Malaria patients attending the different hospitals and health centres in the districts is between two to three lakhs", the statement says. "The hospitals and health centres are situated at distances of several miles and even in normal times it is not possible for all suffering from malaria to attend them. In times of epidemics, the proportion of patients not attending them must be very large."

The quantity of quinine supplied to the district, Mr. Sinha adds, is quite inadequate, and urges the authorities to meet the requirements of Purnea district along with those of other districts in north Bihar.—A. P.

ARAB MOVE TO BUY BACK LANDS FROM JEWS

DAMASCUS, Sept. 12: Leading Arabs in Palestine have signed a memorandum addressed to rulers of Arab States in which they outline a plan for the repurchase of land acquired by Jewish settlers. It is proposed that Arab States should back a fund of a minimum figure of one million sterling to be operated by a management society.—Reuter.

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LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (OCTOBER.)
New York, Sept. 12.

Previous Closing	21.46
Today's Opening	21.52
Difference	+06
Today's Closing	21.63
Difference	+17

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
New York, Sept. 12.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices.

General Motors dol. 61
Anaconda Copper Mining dol. 25-5/8
U. S. Steel Corporation Common dol. 66-1/4
Preference unquoted.—Reuter.

Technical Personnel And New Jobs

NEW DELHI, Sept. 11

A scheme for the control of advertisements for technical personnel and for controlling offers of employment to technical personnel who respond to advertisements is being put into operation by the National Service Labour Tribunals, with a view to checking the tendency of technical personnel, employed on war work, to apply for advertised vacancies promising higher emoluments.

The control will apply not only to advertisements published by private industrial undertakings, but also to those issued by departments of the Central and the Provincial Governments. No advertisements for technical personnel will be inserted in the press without the previous permission of the National Service Labour Tribunal, in the case of industrial undertakings and provincial governments, and of the Central Labour Department in the case of departments of the Government of India situated in Delhi and Simla.—A. P.

TRANSYLVANIAN TRAP FOR NAZIS

Red Army Thrust On Lomza And Approaches To East Prussia

MOSCOW, Sept. 12: From Reuter's special correspondent: The fall of Lomza, an important road junction at the south-eastern approaches to East Prussia, at last seems imminent. After many stubborn battles in this area over a long period, Red Army men are fighting their way into the town. A collapse at Lomza would render untenable the last German hold on the Narew water-line north-west of the town and would open the way for a main thrust across the river towards the Masurian Lakes.

Th Red Army's "Katusha" (a six-barrelled rocket mortar) is proving successful as a mountain weapon and is wiping out whole German units in fierce clashes through the transylvanian Alps. Soviet mechanised and horse cavalry are penetrating through winding passes leaving German and Hungarian defenders marooned on mountain tops.

Soviet forces and Rumanians are stepping up the advance on both sides of Hungarian-occupied Transylvania, which is now becoming a trap for the German forces. Co-ordination between the Red Army and the Rumanians is running smoother and becoming daily more effective.

SOVIET PENETRATION WEST OF KAUNAS

A Soviet group penetrated into the East Prussian Territory west of Kaunas, a supplement to the Soviet 'Communique' reports:

The supplement says: "West of Kaunas (Kovno) a group of Red Army men crossed the Sesuppe River by night and penetrated to the East Prussian territory. They opened fire on a German detachment and killed 16 Germans. After collecting valuable information, our men safely returned to their units."

A place named Holny-Smeshny five miles west of Lomza was captured, the supplement says.

A London message dated Monday said:

The German News Agency tonight said that the Soviet Tank Army after penetrating the 9,000 foot high main ridge of the Transylvanian Alps by one of the highest passes, is now threatening Sibiu, the gateway to Central Europe and the great plain stretching from Transylvania across Hungary.

Rumanian forces striking from the north are also threatening Sibiu with a pincer thrust.

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KASTURBA MEMORIAL FUND

The total of collections to this Fund (as per list No. 28).... Rs. 13,47,978

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Gandhi-Jinnah Talks To Continue To-day

Crowd Of 5,000 Attends Prayers At Rungta House

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

At the close of the fourth sitting of the talks between Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. M. A. Jinnah which have now gone on for a total duration of eight hours and forty-five minutes so far, Mr. Jinnah confined himself to informing pressmen to-day that the talks will be resumed at 11 a.m. on Wednesday.

There will be two sittings, the first from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m., and the second from 5-30 p.m. to 7 p.m.

It is understood that to-day most of the talking was done by Mr. Jinnah.

A few minutes before the scheduled time, Mr. Jinnah was seen smoking and talking to his sister. He came out a minute later, and started talking to the pressmen, who were gathered on the lawn. Cameramen crowded round him. Mr. Jinnah turned to the reporters and said: "I like your company, but these men drive me away." He then went away and was seen chatting with his sister again till Gandhiji arrived, exactly at 10-30 a.m.

"I AM IN YOUR HANDS", SAYS JINNAH

"I am in your hands" said Mr. Jinnah. While both the leaders were going in towards the staircase that leads up to the study, cameramen pleaded for one more minute. "Not even a minute" said Gandhiji, as they both walked in.

While the discussion was in progress Mr. Pyarelal, Gandhiji's Secretary, motored to Mr. Jinnah's residence with a pile of papers which Gandhiji had left behind.

Earlier, Mr. Nagindas T. Master, and Mr. S. K. Patil, who came to Mr. Jinnah's residence, were greeted by Mr. Jinnah.

Gandhiji and Mr. Jinnah emerged from the latter's study at 1 p.m. As there were fewer pressmen present they were standing in two rows. "We are a disciplined crowd now", greeted a pressman. Gandhiji admitted the fact, and asked them to continue disciplined. Mr. Jinnah was then asked if he had anything to tell the Press. Mr. Jinnah turned round and walked away silently.

SECOND MEETING

Just before the second meeting for the day, Mr. Jinnah was seen personally supervising the last minute arrangements to make sure that everything was spick and span. He saw to it that the tables and sofas were being dusted.

Exactly at 5-30 p.m. Gandhiji arrived. Mr. Jinnah received him as usual at the portico. They walked in at once.

Gandhiji walked down the Mount Pleasant Road as usual, followed by the entire crowd of pressmen. A smart movie cameraman had devised a kind of a 'truck shot" and went ahead of Gandhiji perched on the back of a taxi. On the way, a little child came up and offered a flower to Gandhiji which he accepted with a smile.

5,000 ATTEND PRAYERS

Once again, prayers were held in the compound of Rungta House and a fair crowd of 5,000 attended. After Sunday's incidents Mr. S. K. Patil had made elaborate arrangements to ensure against a repetition of such scenes.

There were massive barricades of bamboo intended to divide the crowd and hold it away from Gandhiji's dais.

CANADIAN LABOUR FOR INDIAN SWARAJ

LONDON, Sept. 12: Mr. J. Coldwell, representing Canada, at the Conference of British and Dominion Labour leaders in London today, said "that Canadian Labour believed in the achievement of Indian self-Government at the earliest possible time and in self-Government for the backward races of the earth."—Reuter.

PRINCES TO MEET VICEROY ON SATURDAY

NEW DELHI, Sept. 12: It is learnt that a deputation of Princes will meet the Crown Representative here on September 15 and 16. The Standing Committee of Chamber of Princes will meet on September 17 and 18.

(SEE PAGE 2)

PEARL HARBOUR, Sept. 11: Carrier based aircraft of the United States Pacific fleet have struck at Mindanao in the Philippines destroying an entire Japanese convoy of 52 ships, it was announced here tonight. A total of 68 aircraft was destroyed.

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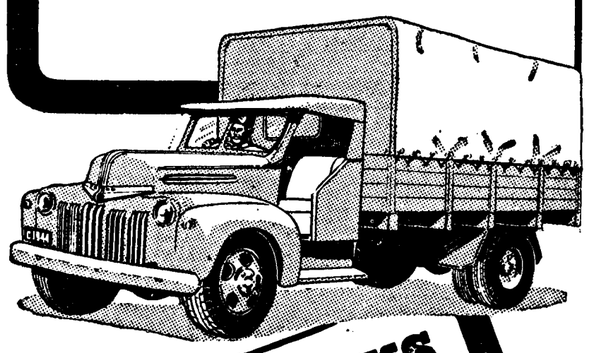

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U. S. WAS WARNED OF PEARL HARBOUR ATTACK

Representative Harness Says Australian Govt. Had Given Information 72 Hours In Advance!

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11: Representative Harness Republican, Indiana, said in the House to-day: "There appears to be abundant evidence that 72 hours before the attack on Pearl Harbour the Australian Government advised the United States' Government in Washington that an aircraft carrier task force of the Japanese Navy had been sighted by Australian reconnaissance forces heading towards Pearl Harbour; that the United States Government was again notified 48 hours before the attack that this Japanese force was still progressing towards Hawaii and that this same notification was sent 24 hours before the attack on Pearl Harbour.

"None of this information I am informed was given to Gen. Short.

"Many of us are wondering if the real offenders are not hiding under the secrecy blanket thrown on the whole incident by the Administration".

Representative Harness said he had no personal knowledge of the facts related here but they had come to him from "a source which I believe to be thoroughly reliable and trustworthy. The Commander-in-Chief has concealed the truth" by denying an hearing Gen. Short and Rear-Admiral Kimmel, both of whom are willing to appear before any official tribunal.

Post-War Reconstruction In Bombay Province

Rural Development Board Resumes Discussion On Govt. Plan

The Bombay Government's Post-War Reconstruction Plan was the subject of a long discussion when the Bombay Provincial Rural Development Board resumed its meeting in the Council Hall on Tuesday (September 12). The members generally welcomed the Plan and many questions were asked to elucidate more detailed information than is given in the outline of the Plan already published.

The Board learned that the Government had placed in the forefront of its Plan 14 Special priority schemes, 13 of which deal with the training of staff. Eight of, these schemes have already been sanctioned and will be put into operation shortly. In addition, the only Special Priority Scheme not solely concerned with staff—livestock improvement has also been sanctioned as the cattle required for post-war year must be bred and reared now.

GRID ELECTRICITY SCHEME

In addition to these measures, the Government has established a Project Circle under a Superintending Engineer, with three Executive Engineers, for the planning and preparation of road schemes. The staff has already been appointed and will take up immediately the preparation of the preliminary estimates.

A special officer of the Public Works Department has been appointed to examine in detail the project of the Grid Scheme of electricity of the Province, and to initiate the preliminary steps to be taken pending the preparation and promulgation of necessary legislation in connection therewith. The details of the scheme and draft legislation are now under discussion In the meantime, a list of heavy plant and equipment likely to be required for the scheme has been furnished to the Government of India.

The creation of a Building Projects Division, with headquarters at Poona, has been sanctioned and will start work on the planning of building schemes in connection with the Post-War Plan. An Executive Engineer in the Irrigation Projects Division has been appointed to investigate the irrigation projects proposed for execution in the post-war period.

The Board generally approved the Government's Post-War Plan as outlined.

CONSOLIDATION OF HOLDINGS

Speakers emphasised the need for consolidation of holdings to be taken in hand without delay bearing in mind the large-scale bunding projects now in progress and envisaged in the Post-War Plan.

Sir Henry Knight brought the meeting to a close by thanking the members of the Board for valuable suggestions as regards the Post-War Plan and replied to many questions. He made it clear that the Plan envisaged must involve measures of control and taxation, which could only be undertaken by a popular Government. The present Government must do the spade-work for the plan, in particular the training of the staff which would be needed.

NAZI COMMANDER EVACUATES CRETE

Allied Forces In Italy Gain Contact With Gothic Line Positions

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 12: The Stockholm 'Tidningen' quoting a private report said to-day:—

"Lt.-Gen. Moeller has begun evacuating Crete without waiting for orders from the High Command."

CAIRO, Sept. 12: From Reuter's Special Correspondent: The Germans have definitely evacuated islands in the Northern Aegean and are apparently in the process of pulling out in the Central Aegean, according to reliable reports received here. There are still no signs that they are abandoning the bigger islands such as Rhodes and Crete.

To-day's Communique says: "Bombardments on the east coast of Italy in support of operations in the Rimini area are being continued by units of British Navy.

North of Florence, British and American troops have now penetrated between two and three miles into high ground north of the Upper Sieve and both the 5th and the 8th armies are now in contact with Gothic Line positions in main places along the entire front.

On the Adriatic sector heavy fighting continues.

Aircraft of the Balkan Air Force were active yesterday over Yugoslavia, Albania and Greece attacking rail and road communications and enemy garrisons gun positions and shipping in the Adriatic.

WILL STATES GO AS MAINE GOES?

PORTLAND (MAINE) Sept. 12. Republican candidates were elected by landslide majorities in the Maine State elections today. Republican Horace Hildreth was elected Governor by more than a three-to-one vote compared with the election of the Republican Governor in 1940 by a two-to-one majority. Two other Republican candidates won by more than four-to-one majorities.

There is an old American saying "As Maine goes, go the States", adds Reuter, though the correctness of this saying has been proved wrong several times in the past

American India League Greets Mahatma

NEW YORK, Sept. 12. The President of the Indian League of America, Sirdar J. J. Singh, today sent a message to Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah, who are meeting in Bombay, saying: "My colleagues and I pray for the success of your meeting. May your efforts bring freedom for India and peace to the world".—Reuter.

NO ASYLUM IN TURKEY FOR AXIS REFUGEES

ANKARA, Sept. 11: Ankara radio to-night said that the Turkish Government has decided to refuse admission into the country to military and civil refugees trying to cross the Turkish frontier and military and civilian refugees from Axis countries coming from the Aegean and Mediterranean Islands and desiring to find refuge in Turkey.—Reuter.

Khalsa College Union

The inauguration ceremony of the Khalsa College Union was held in the College premises on Saturday last. Sir Chimanlal Setalvad could not preside over the function. Mr. K. F. Nariman was in the chair in his stead.

After an elaborate programme of songs, poems (Hindi and Urdu), dances, etc., Mr. Nariman delivered his inaugural address.

Mr. Jaswant Singh proposed the vote of thanks.

GURKHAS CAPTURE MAYU RIDGE

'Beaufighters" Attack Jap Merchant Craft In Andaman Sea

KANDY, Sept. 12: From Alan Humpreys, A.P.I. special correspondent:—

The men of a Gurkha regiment of the Fourteenth Army forced the crest of a strategic ridge southwest of Buthidaung in a limited attack after four days of fighting. The remainder of the Japanese, who manned the bunkers on the ridge are now closely invested in strongpoints on the ridge's peak.

Today's S.E.A.C. Communique says "ARAKAN: Fourteenth Army troops have gained the crest of a Japanese-held ridge in the Mayu range, south-west of Buthidaung and have repulsed a counter-attack. On the Tiddim Road our troops have occupied the village of Mualkawi, which the Japanese evacuated after our guns had shelled it."

14 JAP SHIPS DESTROYED

The Communique adds: "Making 21 attacks in 33 hours beginning at dawn on Saturday 'Beaufighters' operating at extreme range in the Andaman Sea left 14 Japanese merchant craft, two sloops and one gunboat hit and some burning to provide the R.A.F. with a great air-sea victory in this theatre of operations. The Japanese merchantmen were believed to be carrying supples to bases in Burma. Not a single 'Beaufighter' was lost."

Mountbatten's Call To Be Prepared For Br. General Elections

KANDY, Sept. 12.

From Alan Humphreys, A. P. I. special correspondent.

The Supreme Commander of the South-East Asia Command, Lord Louis Mountbatten exhorted his fighting forces today to register themselves for voting in the next general election. Speaking at a meeting of senior officers, he said: "I am very keen that the men who are fighting the war out here should have a say in peace when it is all over, and the first way they can do that is by exercising their right to vote."

Kasturba Fund

Mayor's Further Appeal

Mr. Nagindas T. Master, Mayor of Bombay, has issued the following appeal:—

The 2nd of October is fast drawing near. On that day the country must present a purse of Rs. 75 lakhs to Mahatmaji for the Kasturba Gandhi National Memorial Fund. Our City has always been looked upon as the foremost city in making liberal contributions for all worthy causes, and it is upto us, the citizens of Bombay, to see that the contribution of this City to the Fund exceeds Rs. 20 lakhs. Some four lakhs of Rupees are still needed for the Fund to reach the total of Rs. 20 lakhs and further efforts will be necessary so that at the latest by the end of this month, the City's contribution would reach the desired amount. I support the appeal of Shri Pranlal Devkaran Nanji, President of the Bombay Committee of the Fund, as also the appeal of Shri S. K. Patil for speedy and adequate contributions to this Fund, so that our City will continue to hold its high position in supporting laudable causes.

Reddy's Exhibition In Aid Of Kasturba Memorial Fund

Exhibition of paintings and drawings by Mr. P. T. Reddy in aid of Kasturba Gandhi Memorial Fund at Cama Oriental Institute, open upto 9 p.m.

WAVELL-PRINCES MEETING
Will It Sabotage Gandhi-Jinnah Settlement?

(From Our Special Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, Sept. 11.

The Viceroy, Lord Wavell, will make some authoritative declaration regarding the Princes when the latter wait on His Excellency in a deputation towards the end of this week, it is believed in well-informed circles.

What the Princes will talk to the Viceroy is a question often asked here these days. The Princes have been perturbed since the Cripps' proposals which it will be recalled envisaged the Princes entering into fresh treaties and Sir Stafford Cripps himself, according to reports, had told the Princes to negotiate with the major political parties in the country. That position has since been modified through the efforts of the Jamsahib when he went to London as a member of the War Cabinet. Two other incidents appear to worry the Princes. Firstly Lord Linlithgow in his last address to the Princes Chamber had declared that the Princely Order must prove to the satisfaction of the Crown that they deserve protection. The Crown Representative does not appear to be entirely satisfied with conditions—social economic and political—prevailing in the States. The merger of States grouping of States for administrative purposes, demand for limitation of the privy purse are indicative of this dissatisfaction.

Secondly, Lord Wavell's latest letter to Gandhiji has promised British protection to subjects of Indian States. This is done notwithstanding stout opposition of the Princes all along.

Finally, Lord Wavell has reiterated that Princes are a party to the framing of India's future constitution. One view here is that Princes are likely to ask Lord Wavell that as they have been made a party to a solution of the deadlock they must be permitted to negotiate with Indian political parties. The other view is that, in view of grave apprehensions created in the mind of Princes, Lord Wavell, on behalf of the British Government should declare unequivocally that the rights granted to them under treaties, engagements and sanads would remain unalterable and that they would not be coerced to enter any constitutional arrangement, which was not to their liking or which did not guarantee them their rights.

That Wavell-Princes meeting will seek to undo what Gandhi-Jinnah meeting might achieve is also alleged here in certain quarters

In any case some authoritative statement by Lord Wavell is expected, according to persons in the know of of things.

Police Lines Burning Case Accused Discharged

(From A Correspondent)
DHARWAR, Sept. 10

The Additional Resident Magistrate Rao Saheb C. B. Kuravatti discharged 24 accused and acquitted the remaining 3 accused in what is known as the Garag Police Lines Burning case.

According to the prosecution story, the accused, with others during the disturbances in 1943, burnt the Police Lines, the P.W.D. Bungalow, and the Government Village Chavdi of Garag on the night of 2nd March, 1943. Of 22 witnesses only 3 witnesses implicated the accused and the Magistrate delivered judgment as above in view of the discrepancies in their testimony.

LAHORE, Sept. 11: Lala Wazir Chand, Editor of the Daily 'Pratap', a vernacular daily of Lahore, was arrested this afternoon under rule 38 of the D.I.R. on a charge of publishing an alleged objectionable news item in its issue of September 7.—A. P.

THE SURAT WEAVING ASSOCIATION
Welcomes SIR AZIZUL HAQ.

Surat dated, 7.

Sir Azizul Haq, the commerce member of The Government of India had taken a visit of Surat city on 7th Sept. 1944, when he was awarded with letter of honour from the SURAT WEAVING ASSOCIATION, in which the president of the Association Sheth Nagindas Harkisondas Kharvar stated that this city was a premier port of the West Coast before couple of Centuries. Then this city has become most popular for its handloom Industry and it produces the finest handloom cloth

COTTON CLOTH & YARN CONTROL ORDER.

The producers of Handloom industry were excluded from this order. But due to some misunderstanding between the handloom and power loom, which is in fact one and the same, certain producers were included under this order. And still some twenty one factories are under the influence of this order. The request was made to relax such exception on these factories.

FOLDED YARN.

For the Handloom industry of Surat in Coating and shirting cloth, specially the folded yarn is necessary, and as such on behalf of the Association and the workers, the commerce member was requested to see that Government supply them this sort of folded yarn.

COMMERCE MEMBER'S ASSURANCE.

In reply to the honour awarded to him, Sir Azizul Haq said that he had seen the condition of the workers of handloom industry and he was very much touched with the pathetic condition of them. He assured the audience that as long as he is on the present post, he will try to do everything within his reach for the welfare of this industry, and workers.

In this meeting Mr. Popawalla had declared that 900 bales of yarn were coming for Surat and 600 further bales were to come. This yarn will be distributed in such a way that every worker will get the benefit of it.

After thanksgiving and honouring the guest with flowers the meeting was dispersed.

NATIONAL INDIAN LIFE INSURANCE CO. LTD.

Behind impressive arrays of our finance lie touching true stories of thousands of men and women saved by our BENEVOLENT LIFE POLICIES.

INFLUENTIAL AGENTS AND ORGANISERS WANTED AT IMPORTANT CENTRES.

Agencies and other particulars from:—

S. N. GUHA, Esq.,
Branch Manager,
National Indian Insurance Building No. I,
Kala Ghoda, Fort, BOMBAY.

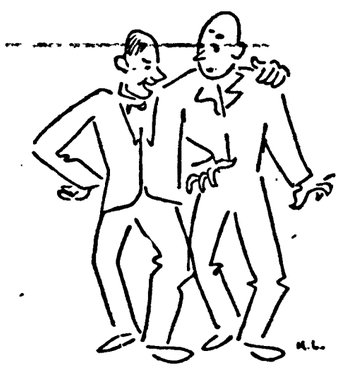
Stanistreet GRIPEASE
FOR CHILDREN'S STOMACH TROUBLES

Inserted by SMITH STANISTREET

CALCUTTA BOMBAY MADRAS KARACHI LUCKNOW AMRITSAR

S&S 106

BB 34



A: DO YOU KNOW HOW TO GET ONE TIN OF BRITANNIA BISCUITS?
B: NO, HOW?
A: GET TWO AND GIVE ONE TO ME.

As the bulk of our manufacture now goes to the Fighting Forces we regret that many of our customers must go without their favourite biscuits but unlimited supplies will come again when the war is won.

HIS NEEDS COME FIRST

BRITANNIA BISCUITS

BRITANNIA BISCUIT CO. LTD. CALCUTTA, DELHI, BOMBAY

FACTS & FIGURES *that inspire* CONFIDENCE

THE TWENTY-THIRD TRIENNIAL VALUATION REPORT discloses

IMPROVED MORTALITY EXPERIENCE
REDUCED EXPENSE RATIO

NET PROFITS FOR THE TRIENNIUM Rs. 1,50,88,092
after valuing the Company's Liabilities on a 3% Interest basis

POLICYHOLDERS' RESERVES THEREBY INCREASED by Rs. 54 Lakhs

BONUSES DECLARED
Rs. 12/8 per Rs. 1,000 per annum under Whole Life Assurance Policies
Rs. 10/- per Rs. 1,000 per annum under Endowment Assurance Policies

ORIENTAL

GOVT. SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

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PRABHAT'S

RAMSHASTRI

11TH WEEK

at

CENTRAL

Daily: 4 & 10. Hindi; 7 Marathi
Fri. Sat. Sun. Holidays Marathi
Matinee at 1-0
Advance Booking 10 to 12
and 3 to 6.

REGAL Air-Cooled 'Ph 35017

At 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
A Unique Semi-Savage Laugh-Riot With A Punch

LOUISE ALLBRITTON ROBERT PAIGE

FROM FRIDAY!
The greatest musical comedy of the year!

"And The Angels Sing"
A PARAMOUNT PICTURE

Starring
Fred McMurray — Dorothy Lamour — Betty Hutton — Diana Lynn

Gala Premiere
TO-MORROW 7 p.m.
Second Show 10 p. m.
PRAFULLA'S Newest Comedy-Hit
"GAJABHAU"

Produced & Directed by
VINAYAK

Featuring the one & only
DAMUANNA Malvankar
with 8 'VINAYAK' STARS
9 HIT-SONGS: 3 HIT-DANCES
From Tomorrow DAILY 4 SHOWS:
1, 4, 7, 10 p. m. till Monday

KRISHNA Dubash Theatre
PLANS OPEN: 10 to 12 & 3 to 6
'FAMOUS P. Ltd., Release

6th WEEK

Comedian CHARLIE & MEHTAB
give a pleasant surprise in Kardar's Crazy Comedy!

Sanjog

with WASTI, ULLHAS, A. SHAH & ANWAR
Music: NAUSHAD

IMPERIAL

Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p. m.
Sat., Sun. at 1-30 p. m.

A TALE OF AN UNUSUAL ROMANCE
EMBELLISHED WITH DANCES & SONGS . . 2nd WEEK

ACHARYA ART'S

AGE KADAM

Daily:
4-30, 7-15 & 10-15
Fri., Sat., Sun.
Matinee 1-45
Ad. Booking
10 to 12 & 4 to 6:

Direction
N. R. ACHARYA

TAJ
GRANT RD. CORNER

AN EVERGREEN RELEASE.

24TH TRIUMPHANT WEEK!
RAJKAMAL'S & V. SHANTARAM'S
MALI
(Hindustani & Marathi)
Hindi: 4, 7.
Marathi: 10 p.m.
Fri. Sat. Sun.
1 p.m.
NOVELTY

53RD GOLDEN WEEK!
RAJKAMAL'S & V. SHANTARAM'S
SHAKUNTALA
Starring JAYASHREE
Daily: 4, 7, 10
Sat. Sun. Fri.
1-15 p.m.
SWASTIK

4th WEEK

THE CHOICE OF DISCRIMINATING CINEGOERS . . .

PRAKASH'S
EMOTIONAL SOCIAL

KAVITA

Daily: 4, 7 & 9-45
Advance Booking:
10 to 12 & 3 to 5
An "EVERGREEN" Release

DRAWING CROWDS
CAPITOL

THE
A STORY THAT MAY SHOCK SOME MEN, BUT WOMEN WILL ADMIRE IT.
CENTRAL STUDIOS PRESENT
Parakh
Glamorous MEHTAB HITS A NEW HIGH

with
Kaushalya, Bawansingh, Yakub, Shah Nawaz, Sadiq Ali and Latika

Directed by SOHRAB MODI

From SAT. NEXT 16th Sep. at NEW WEST END TALKIES

Advance Booking 10 to 12 and 3 to 6
A Minerva Film Exchange Release Thru Famous Pictures Ltd.

IT'S WORTH SMOKING CARAVAN
The Air-Conditioned Cigarette

HERE'S WHY **Caravan Cigarettes produced at Nationals' air-conditioned Factory are always fresh and clean. Only fully matured, carefully blended tobaccos are used for making Caravans. It has coolness, freshness and strength. Obtainable everywhere**

2½ ANNAS FOR TEN

CARAVAN
THE *Air-Conditioned* CIGARETTE
THE NATIONAL TOBACCO CO. OF INDIA LIMITED.
ACI-C-28

TOUCHING TALE OF A MOTHER'S HEART!
Kardar Productions' Social Hit!

JEEWAN

Written & Directed by SADIQ
Starring: MEHTAB & WASTI

2nd WEEK *Majestic*

Daily: 4, 7, and 10 p. m.
Sat., Sun. at 1 p. m.

ZENANA SHOW
TO-MORROW AT 1-30
RANJIT'S
PAGLI DUNIYA
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE

IT'S SETTING UP NEW RECORDS . . .
PRAKASH'S
RAM RAJYA
SEE THE ALL-COLOURED HINDI COPY AT
SUPER
3-30 & 6-30 (Hindi)
9-30 (Marathi)
An "EVERGREEN" Release

PUKAR
THE MINERVA MOVIETONE'S
Popular Film
A SPECIAL SHOW
FOR THE BENEFIT OF
Mr. N. B. Panthaki
AT THE
NEW WEST END
SUNDAY, 24-9-1944 at 9-30 A.M.

CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadrapad Vad 11, 2000
Muslim: Ramzan 24, 1363
Parsi: Farvardin 10, 1314
Sunrise: 7-26 a.m. Sunset 7-43 p.m.
Hightide: 11-06, 22-53
Lowtide: 4-02, 17-17

To-day's Engagements

ALL-INDIA MANUFACTURERS' ORGANISATION, BOMBAY: Sir Azizul Haque, Member for Commerce, Industries and Civil Supplies, Government of India has consented to meet the members of the Working Committee of the A.I.M.O. at the office of the organisation today (Wednesday) at 10 a.m.

BOMBAY MUSLIM CHAMBER OF COMMERCE: The Hon. Sir Azizul Haque, Kt., C.I.E., Commerce Member, Government of India will meet the President and Members of the Bombay Muslim Chamber of Commerce, at the Anjuman-i-Islam Hall, Hornby Road, Bombay at 3-30 p.m to-day (Wednesday).

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY. Mr. R. K. Prabhu will read a paper on "The Riddle of Vedic Cosmogony" at the Society's meeting this evening at 6 p.m (S.T) in the rooms of the B.B. Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, Fort, Bombay. The meeting is open to the public.

CORPORATION Standing Committee meeting to-day (Wednesday) at 2-30 p.m. (B.T.).

SHRI KRISHNA GITA PATHSHALA: Ved Shastra Sampan Shri Kavishwar Buva of Trimbak will recite Hari-Kirtan at Kolbhat Lane, Bhatia Mahajanwadi on Kalbadevi Road at 6 p.m. (S.T.) to-day (Wednesday).

BOMBAY STUDENTS' UNION: The Executive Committee of the Bombay Students' Union, (42, Kennedy Bridge) will meet to-morrow (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. in the Union Office.

Election of the Executive Committee of the B.S.U. (42, Kennedy Bridge) for the year 1944-45 will be held on Saturday, September 23rd. Nomination papers will be received by the Secretaries at the Union Office till Friday, September 15th at 8 p.m. Copies of the nomination papers are available at the Union Office.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: There will be no meeting of the Corporation to-morrow (Thursday). The next meeting of the Corporation will be held on Monday, the 18th instant at 2 p.m. (B.T.).

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: Adjourned meeting of the Improvements Committee will be held here on Monday, the 18th instant at 1-30 p. m. (B.T.).

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Question and Answer meeting, Jehangir Wadia Building, Flora Fountain, to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m.

NATIONAL WAR FRONT: Lecture on "Communal Unity" followed by cinema show at Pali-Linking Road Naka, Khar, to-day (Wednesday) at 8 p.m.

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE: On "The Truth of Zarathushtrian Religion Differs from the Present Practice of It" at Mazdaznan Temple Hall, to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WOMEN'S COUNCIL: Mr. Manu Subedar will speak on "Uplift through Technical and General Knowledge" to-day (Wednesday) at 5-30 p.m. at the Convocation Hall.

VIDYALAYA STUDENTS' UNION: Sjt. S. K. Patil, M.L.A., Secretary, B.P.C.C., will address the students to-morrow (Thursday) at 7 p.m. (S.T.) in the Vidyalaya Lecture Hall, Gowalia Tank Road.

NOBLE STEEL DISPUTE ADJUDICATION: Mr. K. B. Wassoodew, retired Judge of the Bombay High Court, has been appointed to adjudicate in the dispute between Noble Steel Products Ltd., Bombay, and its workmen.

I.P.T.A. Public Meeting

A public meeting under the auspices of the Indian People's Theatre Association will be held to-morrow (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. at Blavatsky Lodge, when Prof. Bhanushankar Vyas and Director Altekar will speak. There will be songs and histrionic demonstrations.

TODAY ON RADIO

(WEDNESDAY, Sept. 13.).
BOMBAY—1.
244 m. (1,230 kc/s).
8-0 a.m. D. Tagore's Party. 8-5 News (H.). 8-15 News (E.). 8-30 Mohammad Khan. 8-50 News (M.). 9-0 News (G.). 9-10 To-morrow. 9-15 Lalita Parulkar. 9-30 Geet. 9-45 Bhajans in Chorus. 12-30 p.m. Gujarati Songs. 12-45 News (M.). 12-50 News (G.). 12-55 News (H.). 1-0 Lunch Programme (H.). 1-30 News (E.). 1-40 Music. 4-20 School Broadcasts. 5-0 AIR Quartet. 5-15 Kannada songs. 5-30 M. G. Gokhale. 5-55 Local announcements. 6-0 Children's Half-Hour. 6-30 News (E.). 6-40 News (H.). 6-45 News (H.). 6-50 Gottuvadyam Recital. 7-0 Oonchi Nak Wale (H.). 7-15 Khayal Shahana. 7-30 Malka Bai. 7-45 M. G. Gokhale. 8-15 In News. 8-20 Music. 8-25 News (M.). 8-35 News (G.). 8-45 Review of Sargent's Report. (E). 9-0 News (H.). 9-20 News (E.). 9-30 B. B. C. News. 9-45 "G. I." 10-0 AIR Orchestra. 10-15 Malka Bai. 10-25 Lalita Parulkar. 10-45 M. Khan (Surbahar)
BOMBAY—2.
61.48 m. (4,880 kc/s).
8-0 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Clarionet Recital. 8-15 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 Malka Bai. 9-5 Alap Todi (Sitar). 9-10 to 10-0 As in Bombay 1.
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s).
12-30 to 1-0 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 1-0 Musical Mixture. 1-30 to 2-30 As in Bombay 1.
48.73 m. (6,150 kc/s).
5-0 to 7-15 p.m. As in Bombay 1.
89.15 m. (3,365 kc/s).
7-30 p.m. Commercial News. 7-42 Musical Interlude. 7-45 Calling Rural Listeners. 8-15 to 8-25 As in Bombay 1. 8-25 M. Khan (Surbahar). 8-45 to 9-0 As in Bombay 1. 9-0 Lalita Parulkar. 9-15 M. G. Gokhale. 9-45 to 10-0 As in Bombay 1. 10-0 Exile Symphony. 10-20 AIR Nonet. 11-0 Close down.

GANDHI JAYANTI

The Shivaji Park Charkha Sangh have arranged the following programme in celebration of the 75th Gandhi Jayanti and request the residents of the Shivaji Park their co-operation to ensure its success: I Non-stop Charkha Spinning from the midnight of 13-14th to the midnight of 14-15th of September 44. II. Distribution of Khadi Clothes to the Harijans serving the residents of this area, on Sunday the 1st October '44. III. Lectures on Charkha Spinning, Harijan Up-liftment, Hindu-Muslim Unity, Rashtrabhasha Prachar and etc., during this period. IV Non-stop spinning from the mid-night of 1-2nd to 2-3rd October 1944.

Spinners and friends, willing to join the spinning, are requested to see the Sanchalak beforehand.

Mass Spinning In Girgaum

The Secretaries, Girgaum District Congress Committee, send the following for publication:

For the first day of Gandhi Jayanti celebration i.e. to-morrow (Thursday) the Girgaum District Congress Committee has arranged the following programme:

1. Flag Salutation at Sicka Nagar, Vithalbhai Patel Road, at 8 A.M (N.S.T.)
2. Mass Spinning at Model Industrial School (near Jinnah Hall) from 8-30 A.M. to 9-30 A.M. (N.S.T.)

Workers should bring their charkhas and cotton slivers.

Vile-Parle Khadi Mandir

A mass prayer has been organised under the presidentship of Mr. B. G. Kher tomorrow (Thursday) at 8 A.M. (N.S.T.) in Mor Bungalow (East side). Non-stop spinning will go on from 6 A.M. to 6 P.M. tomorrow. Further, mass spinning will be observed from 14th September to 2nd Oct. at Arunodaya, Sarojini Road, Vile-Parle, from 3 P.M. to 4 P.M. in the afternoon and from 9 P.M to 9-30 P.M. On 16th September competition in spinning is arranged in Mor Bungalow from 4 to 5 for children and women and from 5 to 6 for the students and Khts. On the same day, there will be continuous spinning for 24 hours. On 17th September prizes will be distributed in Mor Bungalow from 5 P.M. to 6 P.M. The people of Vile-Parle have decided to give 750 Antis to Gandhiji on 2nd October. Those who have spun accordingly should send their 'antis' to Khadi Mandir shop on Juhu Road before the 1st October.

Charkha Jayanti

The Secretary, All India Spinners Association, Sewagram, states:

This year Gandhiji's birthday according to Hindu calendar falls on the 14th September, 1944. This day we celebrate as 'Charkha Jayanti.' From the 14th September to the 2nd October, 1944, various programmes relating to Charkha Week will be carried on as usual by khadi workers, such as sacrificial and non-stop spinning, khadi sales, khadi propaganda etc. Along with these demonstrative items it is also very necessary that the basic ideas underlying the Charkha movement be propagated. Khadi lovers are requested to take suitable steps to propagate the ideas underlying the message of charkha and organise regular programmes, aimed at the cultural aspect of the khadi movement.

Walchand's Dinner To Azizul Haque

Mr. Walchand Hirachand entertained to dinner Sir Azizul Haque at the Taj Mahal Hotel on Tuesday night.

Economic Plight Of Goa

The non-Secretary of the Goan Committee of Action, writes:—

The food situation in Goa is very grave. The drastic reduction in imports of rice from 600,000 maunds a year to 200,000 is causing great anxiety. Provision of rice after the present 'kharif' crop will hardly suffice to meet the requirements of half the population.

The monetary crisis has, however, greatly eased. As a result of the protest made by the Goan Committee of Action, Bombay, to the Portuguese authorities in Goa and Lisbon, the Banco Nacional Ultramarino has resumed the practice of accepting British currency in exchange for Portuguese paper money at a nominal premium of 1/4 per cent.

This measure has compelled the money changers and shopkeepers to reduce their rate of exchange from 12 to 2 per cent, mitigating the distress among the people to some extent.

Flood Relief In Khandesh

The Secretary, Indian Red Cross Society, West Khandesh Branch, Dhulia, writes:—

Owing to unprecedented floods of rivers in the West Khandesh district, great damage has been done to property. At Dhulia alone about 500 families are without any means of livelihood. The West Khandesh Branch of the Indian Red Cross Society has begun work of giving relief to victims of floods and this help includes giving milk to the children of those who suffered by the floods and giving clothes and medical necessities to them.

The Society, therefore appeals for funds for the above purpose and it is earnestly requested that charitable persons and institutions will give their donations to this worthy cause.

Governor To Open Art-in-Industry Exhibition

BOMBAY, Sept. 12.

The All-India Art-in-Industry Exhibition sponsored by Burma Shell will be opened by Sir John Colville, Governor of Bombay at the Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay on January 3, 1945. The Exhibition is open to All Artists at present in India including service personnel. The object of the Exhibition is to develop and encourage Indian talent for industrial improvement of India.

The Exhibition gives Scope for Commercial art and photography, Typography, interior decoration, film scenarios, window Displays, textile designing and handicrafts.

The prize money offered this year is understood to exceed Rs. 25,000 the largest offered in any art exhibition in India. Donors include the Government of India, various Provincial Governments, States, Industrial and Commercial firms and newspapers.—A. P.

U. P. LEAGUE IN COURT

LUCKNOW, Sept. 11: A temporary injunction directing all the fifteen members of the newly-constituted provincial Muslim League Parliamentary Board, including Chaudhri Khaliquzzaman, Nawab Mohammad Ismail, Nawab Sir Mohammad Yusuf, Syed Razwanullah and Mr. Z. A. Lari, to suspend their activities in connection with forthcoming municipal elections was granted to-day by a local munsiff court. The court further directed the members of the newly constituted board to appear before it on October 14 next.

BATTLE OF BRITAIN ANNIVERSARY

1,800 R.A.F. And W.A.C.(I) To Parade In Bombay

The fourth anniversary of the Battle of Britain, an episode which will always have special significance for the RAF will be marked in Bombay this year by the holding of special parades and colour-hoisting ceremonies.

A total of 1,800 RAF men and WAC(I) will take part in the two main parades to be held on the Co-operage Football ground and at the RAF Transit Camp Worli, on the day of the anniversary Friday, the 15th instant. Eight hundred personnel including 100 W A C (I)s will assemble on the Cooperage grounds at 10 a.m. Following the hoisting of the RAF colours there will be a short service conducted by an RAF chaplain after which Air Commodore F J Vincent, C B E, D F C, will address the parade and take the salute at the march past A band will be in attendance.

A thousand men will parade at 9-15 a.m at Worli at which after the colour hoisting there will be an address by Group Captain A. D. H. Foster, Officer Commanding Base Headquarters who will also take the salute at the march past

The following Sunday morning (September 17) has been set apart for a church parade with a service at St. Thomas's Cathedral at 10-30 a.m at which 450 RAF and WAC(I)s and 100 guests representing the Army, Navy and Civil defence will be present. After the service Air Officer Commanding will take the salute near Marine Camp in Queens Road Bombay.

The public are welcome at all these parades and it is hoped that as many as possible will attend.

Act Of Justice Long Denied

BOMBAY Sept. 12: The Executive Committee of the American Asiatic Association has recommended to the Congress of the United States that the United States Immigration Laws be so amended that the people of India may be admitted to the United States on a quota basis similar to that for citizens of other countries.

A resolution in which this was proposed by Mr. Vernon L. Whitney Vice-President and seconded by Mr. Malcolm D. Simpson, was passed at a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Association held at India House, New York according to a cable received from New York.

The resolution added: "The Association has studied this problem for many years and has the feeling that this is an act of justice long due to the Indian people."—A. P.

JUSTIFIED IN ESCAPING FROM POLICE CUSTODY

P. M. Acquits Man Arrested Under D. I. R.

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Found guilty of escaping from the lawful custody of the police, Beharilal Pursho tam Shah (36) was acquitted by Mr Kantilal Thakore, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court, today.

The accused was arrested under Rule 26 of the Defence of India Rules. He escaped from the police custody at the Victoria Terminus while being taken to the Nasik Central Jail by the Peshawar Express.

In acquitting the accused the Magistrate observed that Rule 26 under which the accused was arrested was pronounced to be 'ultra vires' by the Federal Court at the time of his escape, and the accused was, therefore, justified in escaping from the police custody in the absence of such rule.

C.C.I OPEN SQUASH CHAMPIONSHIPS FOR WESTERN INDIA: The Tournament Committee has extended the date of receiving entries for the "C.C.I. Open Squash Championships for Western India" upto Friday, the 15th instant at 6 p. m. The Tournament will commence from Monday, the 18th instant in the Squash Courts of the Cricket Club of India Ltd. The finals will be held on the 27th instant.

NATIONAL WAR FRONT:

Elocution competition for College students arranged by the Director, National War Front, Dadar-East Division, First elimination test on SATURDA 15th September at 4 p.m. in Lecture Hall, University School of Economics. The public are cordially invited to attend.

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GOVERNMENT APPROVED CLOTH SHOPS

The Government of Bombay has authorised over 300 shops in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District to sell cloth at concession rates fixed by the Government.

Each shop is provided with a sign board bearing the inscription, "Government Approved Shop No..."

A list of the approved shops has been kept for reference by the public in all the main and sub-Ward Rationing Offices in the City and the suburbs.

MAKE SURE YOU DO NOT PAY MORE THAN THE FIXED PRICES.

J. K. THAKORE,
Provincial Textile Controller.

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Twelve years' experience gives us leadership in Electroplating, Oxidising and Galvanising.

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Sept. 12

Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at 9 hours I.M.T. on 9-9-44: Allahabad 93 79 0; BOMBAY 87 78 0; Calcutta 93 81 0; Cawnpore 94 78 0; Cuttack 93 80 0; Darjeeling 64 58 0.1; Delhi 95 76 0; Dehra Dun 87 71 0; Jacobabad 99 80 0; Karachi 88 80 0; Lahore 95 75 0; Lucknow 93 77 0; Madras 93 78 0; Nagpur 85 75 T; Patna 90 82 0; Peshawar 95 71 0.4; Shillong 74 63 0.7; Simla 67 56 0.2.—A.P.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Every unpunished delinquency has a family of delinquencies.
—Herbert Spencer

The Bombay Chronicle

GRAVE REVELATIONS—II

In our yesterday's article on this subject we placed before the readers the main findings of the Stone Commission with special reference to the causes of the explosions and the "inadequacies of action" by the various authorities concerned. We pointed out that many of these "inadequacies" were cases of serious neglect. More plainly, they were grave blunders, and were committed from start to finish. What else can be said when at Karachi cotton was stowed in a ship known to be laden with explosives and that, too, in the same hold, the cotton being both below and above the explosives; when, in spite of this dangerous cargo, dangerously stowed, the ship did not fly the regulation red flag as a warning to other ships; when no explosives were off-loaded until the ship had been alongside for over 24 hours, when no adequate steps were taken to keep matches or lighted cigarettes away from the ship; when, inspite of the fire being discovered at about 1-50 p.m. if not much earlier, as several witnesses stated, the Fire Brigade received no alarm until 2-16 p.m. and even then the alarm indicated an ordinary fire and not a serious one; when different authorities gave different instructions to the master of the ship, who for that reason declined either to scuttle the ship or to attempt to move it out of the dock; when the high naval officers empowered to order a ship on fire to be scuttled or beached did not even receive information of the fire; and when, finally, there was no method or alarm signal by which the dock could be cleared of non-essential personnel. It is, indeed, difficult to imagine a worse series of blunders in circumstances which demanded every reasonable precaution.

Many as were the sins of omission and commission, there is one which involves both and which may be said to be the root cause of the tragedy. And it is of special importance because we find the blunder is not yet wholly rectified. That is with regard to the stowage of ammunition and cotton in the same ship. Common sense as well as the technique of shiploading declares this to be a dangerous practice. Yet the actual way in which ammunition and cotton were stowed increased the danger enormously. The responsibility for such stowing must be fixed mainly on the Deputy Representative of the Ministry of War Transport at Karachi, who permitted the stowing without adequate safeguards. The Commission naturally holds this view. But it is amazing that in its resolution on the Report the Government of India seems to absolve the Representative from responsibility when it says: "Statutory responsibility for safe loading in Indian ports does not rest upon the Ministry of War Transport, and while it is no doubt true that the Ministry's representatives in overseas ports would not tolerate an admixture of cargoes which was obviously dangerous, reliance must in the main be placed upon local shipping authorities and upon Masters of ships upon whom, apart from statute, rests primary responsibility for seeing to safety of ships". The worst of it is that even now Government does not object to the loading of ammunition and cotton in the same ship, as "obviously dangerous". This is evident from the above quotation. Moreover, it says that it has already issued instructions as to precautions to be taken when cotton is loaded in ships carrying explosives, which means that it is still possible for the two types of cargo to be loaded in the same ship. Government adds, however, that this question is under consideration by a Sub-Committee on Transport. We can only hope that now at least the Committee will be wise enough to prohibit the loading of ammunition and cotton in the same ship. It behoves the public, too, to press this view on the Government. Government assures us that it has carefully considered the suggestions and criticisms of the Commission. The public will be more reassured if they know in detail the measures which the Government has proposed in order to prevent the repetition of the gross blunders exposed by the Commission.

The Charkha— In A New Phase

The social philosophy that underlies the constructive programme of the Congress was expounded at some length by Mahatma Gandhi in his recent discussions with the workers of the All-India Spinners' Association. In the minds of a large number of persons, Congressmen and others, the activities of the Association, apparently, have merely this significance that they assist in the solution of the problem of rural employment and serve to supplement the earnings from agriculture. The increase of production and of trade, therefore, claim an undue share of the energies of the men and women who are connected with the work of the Association. Important as these aims may be, it is not merely as a contribution to the solution of the problem of an unbalanced rural economy that Gandhiji seeks to promote handspinning. The Charka Sangh, as he observed in his recent talks at Sevagram, was born of his deep conviction that if India were to live as a non-violent State it could do so only through the spinning wheel and all it meant. It symbolises the struggle for Swaraj, at least in the economic sense. Instead of half a dozen cities of India and Great Britain living on the exploitation of the 700,000 villages of India, the latter, as Gandhiji wrote two years ago, will be largely self-contained and will voluntarily serve the cities of India and even the outside world. The movement helps in building up the strength of the people, for it makes every Indian who participates in it "feel aglow" to quote Gandhiji again, "with the possession of a power that has been hidden within himself."

Has the movement fallen short of the ideals which Gandhiji set before it? It has succeeded in so far as it has bound together, in indissoluble links, those who have become associated with it and has made them "proud of their identity with every drop of the ocean of Indian humanity." It may be that these forces have not made their influence felt appreciably among those who toil and sweat in their cottages, that neither their political nor their social nor their spiritual consciousness has been awakened. Absorbed in their day to day activities of production and sale, the workers of the Sangh, Gandhiji seemed to suggest, have been overlooking this aspect of their duties. Hence his call to the workers to betake themselves to the villages where their main task lies. Instead of production being controlled on a centralized basis as at present, decentralization would then become the order of the day. This would have the effect, Gandhiji hoped, of training the artisans in the art of self-government and mutual control and instilling in them a sense of responsibility and of self-confidence. Development of the activities of the Shangh on these lines would undoubtedly have a noteworthy effect on the struggle of Swaraj, both directly and indirectly. The economic programme, as sponsored by Gandhiji would in that event remain not merely an ornamental adjunct of the Congress as it is deemed by many at present. On the contrary, work in the field of politics would then become dependent on the strength that was evolved among the large number of men and women dwelling in the country side through this pursuit of the economic programme as represented by the Charkha.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Historic News

The news that Allied troops are fighting on German soil is, indeed, historic. This is the first occasion since 1939 when battles are being fought on the right side of the German frontier. Then, however, the democracies were waging a phoney kind of war and it has taken them five long years and plenty of blood and toil, tears and sweat to return to the old battlefield. The actual crossing in Reich territory was made in the vicinity north of Trier, which is in the heart of the Siegfried line defences. The invasion may be more a moral than a military blow to the Germans, but its significance cannot be minimised on that account. Incidentally, one cannot but note and underline the remarkable fact that the Allied armies have beat the Red Army in this historic feat even though the latter has been on the border of East Prussia for quite some time now.

Unconvincing

At the meeting of the Rural Development Board in Bombay on Monday, the Governor sought to defend the Government's Post-War Reconstruction Plan against the criticism that the scheme was designed in the interests of the returned soldiers. But he had to admit that several of the benefits of the scheme were meant mainly, if not exclusively, for such soldiers. He admitted, too, that in the initial stages, reconstruction activities will be concentrated in areas which have done well in the matter of recruiting, but he argued these areas also happen to be areas mostly in need of development. It is difficult to believe that the best recruiting areas are those that need most development. Nobody wishes to deny the returned soldiers their legitimate rewards, but the present Government which is constitutionally irresponsible to the people, is ill-calculated to work out a fair scheme which will fully safeguard all the interests concerned.

"An Historic Meeting"

We publish elsewhere on this page Mr. Govindlal Shivlal's second letter on this subject, being his reply to our comments on his first. But we must refrain from carrying on at present a controversy on the interpretation of what is known as the Jagatnarain resolution of the A.I.C.C. meeting at Allahabad. Mr. Govindlal holds that this resolution negatives the previous resolution of the Working Committee which stated that it "cannot think in terms of compelling the people in any territorial unit to remain in an Indian Union against their declared and established will." We think that this resolution is not negatived by the Allahabad one. And in doing so we rely on the ruling of the Congress President himself and the published opinion of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. We must let the matter rest there for the present.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

It is far better to be bent on economy than broke on extravagance.

*

People who pose as practical jokers are apt to joke once too often.

*

You can always bank on finding a well-filled pocketbook interesting.

*

Don't waste time sighing over what might have been; make the best of what is.

*

In the race for wealth too much money seems to be an impossible quantity.

*

The average man likes to point to the good traits in his children as a heritage from himself.

"An Historic Meeting"

I have carefully read your leader in yesterday's issue. You have adhered to the view put forward by you in the previous issue that the Congress accepted the principle of self-determination to the Muslim majority areas. To me this view seems to be mistaken. If the Delhi Resolution had stood alone, one could have fairly contended that by that resolution the Congress was not prepared to facilitate or be a willing party to the division of India but at the same time it would not resist the Muslim League claim based on self-determination. But the A.I.C.C. resolution well-known as Jagatnarain Resolution, passed at Allahabad, I maintain, completely changed the Congress policy in the matter. According to the accepted principles of interpretations, it has superseded the Working Committee Resolution passed at Delhi and laid down as its definite opinion in clear and unequivocal language against the principle of self-determination which leads to the disintegration of the country. It said that it could not agree to any proposal of giving liberty to any component state or territorial unit to secede from the Indian Union or Federation. The language is crystal clear and incapable of bearing more than one interpretation. It is true that the Congress President and an equally great personality like Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, both expressed the view in their letters to Dr. Latiff that the Delhi Resolution was also operative; but they adduced no reason for holding that view and making it acceptable to others. May I ask without any disrespect to them, whether their opinions can change the plain meaning and intent of the resolution—a resolution expressed in such an unambiguous language as that of the Allahabad Resolution?

It is significant that you yourself say, that you are relying on "a permissible interpretation." It suggests that you are unable to say that you are relying on a fair and reasonable interpretation. This shows how weak you are.

The A.I.C.C. Resolution does preclude and prevent complete or partial severance. Self-determination and conditional separation are incompatible and do not go together. Conditions formulated in the C. R. Formula are a new phase and a later development and were not contemplated by any of the resolutions of the Congress. Nonetheless they are helpful for the solution of the tangle.

You say that you feel sure that numerous Congressmen have given their whole-hearted support to Gandhiji for the reasons advanced by you. It is a patent fact that most of those who have supported Gandhiji have done so out of loyalty to him. Let us not forget that no one who has supported this move has referred to any Congress resolution to draw support from it. So many Congressmen and newspapers kept up denouncing C. R. for his ideas favouring division until Gandhiji's support of the proposition was made known to the public. He was until then a *persona-non grata* with the Congressmen in general.

Regarding your query as to which part of Gandhiji's speech I refer, my answer is that I refer to each and every part of his address to the A.I.C.C. on the 8th August bearing on the subject and not a stray sentence here and there. Just at this juncture when negotiations are proceeding between the two leaders, I do not like to say anything more.

I do not hold the view that the Congress Resolutions are unalterable like the laws of the Medes and the Persians. I shall be extremely happy to see that the two leaders reach a reasonable settlement of the issues involved—a settlement worthy of them. It is self-evident that an unreasonable settlement will be no settlement.

GOVINDLAL S. MOTILAL.
September 13.

II

You have published in your issue of 11th instant a letter from Mr. Govindlal S. Motilal under the caption "An Historic Meeting" Wherein Mr. Motilal has made surprising statements.

His interpretation of Allahabad resolution is entirely misleading. Delhi resolution of the Working Committee "was not" negatived by the resolution of the A.I.C.C. at Allahabad A very important ruling given by the President of Congress Maulana Azad is very definite on this point. Even Pandit Nehru had supported this ruling of the President on the 6th of August 1942 Maulana Azad sent a letter to Dr. Lateef in reply to his query and said that Allahabad resolution did not affect in any way Delhi resolution of the Working Committee. I would wish Mr. Motilal to read them.

Responsible Congress men should not make such misleading statements The need for observing restraint is very great particularly at this stage of negotiations between Gandhiji and Mr. Jinnah.

A. N. SATWIK.

Menace Of Foreign Industrial Combines

Indian Merchants' Parleys With Commerce Member

Question relating to the future trade and tariff policy; development of a National Navy; India's place at International Conferences; canalisation of exports and imports; controls and canalisation; control orders and need for greater consultation; hedge trading in oilseeds; shortage of coal; cotton floor prices; supply of consumers' goods with special reference to Government's import policy and the scheme of compensation for explosion, were the salient features of discussions which took place between the Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay, and the Member for Commerce and Industries and Civil Supplies, to the Government of India the Hon. Sir Mohomed Azizul Haque at a meeting held on Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. N R. Pillai, Secretary to the Commerce Department and Mr. M. N. Sukhtankar, Joint Secretary were also present.

Sir Azizul Haque in the course of his replies dealt at length with the general issues of principle involved in some of the suggestions made by the Chamber.

Mr. Pranlal Devkaran Nanjee presenting the viewpoint of the Chamber observed that the problems of peace which was not far off were of as much concern, if not more as the problems of war. Statesmanship lay, he said, in understanding the fundamental aspects of these problems in time and in evolving the lines, on which they could be effectively solved in the true interests of India.

Referring to the impact of war on trade and industry in the country, the speaker pointed out how cotton goods had been exported out of India when they were urgently needed for covering the bare bodies of the people of this land. Foodstuffs were exported when they were badly required to keep off starvation and preventing conditions which brought about famine in Bengal and other parts in the country. Coal was exported with the result that several industries had been compelled to curtail their production and some of them had even to be closed. While the policy of import and export had, therefore, made the people of this country undergo serious privations and hardships, it had also tremendously affected the industrial development of the land.

"It is a matter of great disappointment to us that all attempts by Indians to start key industries such as automobile, shipbuilding, aircraft, etc., had been unceremoniously turned down," said the speaker, while Canada and Australia and other countries in the British Commonwealth had been allowed to do every thing possible during the war to develop new industries.

The speaker stated that the recent policy of importing consumer goods on a large scale was causing serious concern to the Chamber and wanted to know how India would be treated in the post-war period regarding these vital matters.

It was emphasised by the speaker that those who invested capital in spite of all the restrictions imposed upon them were eager to know what future was in store for them.

With regard to the policy of taxing industries, the speaker observed that the policy had deprived the industries of the financial resources they badly needed.

MENACE OF FOREIGN COMBINES

The menace of foreign combines was causing grave concern to Indian industrialists and there was widespread apprehension that the Nitrogen industry with the manufacture of fertilizers would be handed over to a non-Indian combine.

"You are aware of the bitter lessons which we have learnt to our cost as a result of the operations of such combines as the Swedish Combine in the match industry, the activities of Lever Brothers; in the soap and other industries and the Imperial Chemical Company in the chemical and dyeing industries. Their powerful connections and their great resources have not only stifled the growth of Indian industries owned, controlled and managed by the nationalus of the country, but they have also deprived the country of the wealth which true national economy would have otherwise retained in the country", remarked the speaker and appealed for an assurance from Government that no fresh outside vested interests would be created in the country now and in the future but all industries hereafter would be owned, controlled and managed by the nationals of the country.

The speaker stressed the supreme need for a national navy of supply and asked what Government proposed to do in the matter.

Fertilizer Industry

Ante-Natal Amputation

(By SIR PADAMJI GINWALA)

In my Memorandum on the manufacture of Sulphate of Ammonia and other nitrogenous products in India, which was published in Calcutta at the beginning of August and was subsequently reviewed by the "Bombay Chronicle" in its editorial columns, I laid considerable emphasis on the process to be used the size of the plants to be erected and their location. These factors, I urged, required the closest examination if not only Sulphate of Ammonia was to be produced at the lowest possible cost, but if the nitrogen industry as a whole was also to be successfully established. As the proceedings of the Technical Mission and of the Reception Committee are taking place benind closed doors, it is difficult to forecast in any way what kind of recommendations are going to be submitted by them to the Government of India. The ignorance of the public on this question is not removed by reported or unreported speeches of Government spokesmen. There are persistent reports that almost all the Provincial Governments have been in favour of erecting small units to supply this important fertiliser to the agriculturists within their respective Provinces and that the Technical Mission has given the impression that it would favour such proposals.

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There are serious objections in principle against Government entering Trade or Industry in supersession of private enterprise. But such objections apart, neither the Government of India nor, for that matter, any member of the general body of tax-payers can legally or reasonably object to any Provincial Government undertaking any manufacture, provided that its action has no adverse effect on other parts of India.

This Industry is one with which the political and industrial development of the whole of India is indissolubly bound up. Further, the payment of a subsidy in some form is part of the proposals publicly announced by the Government of India. If this subsidy is to be provided from the revenues of the Government of India, the general tax-payer has a direct interest in the question, and has the right to demand that before he is called upon to make any sacrifice, the case for such sacrifice is clearly made out. For these reasons, any such proposals as are being reported if actually made, will require the closest scrutiny from an All-India point of view. In making such scrutiny, provincial considerations should be subordinated to national considerations.

The most important of these considerations are:—

1. That Sulphate of Ammonia, being a vital fertiliser, should be produced and supplied to the consumer at the lowest possible price.

2. That for no sentimental or other reasons should the general tax-payer be called upon to subsidise a plant which is of an uneconomic size, or is inadequately equipped or is wrongly located.

3. That the manufacture of other products of which nitrogen and/or hydrogen are the foundations can be combined with Sulphate of Ammonia in order to lower the costs of Sulphate of Ammonia and to help the establishment of other key industries.

*

I shall now deal briefly with these three points.

It is to be hoped that, in order to satisfy the Government of India and the public at large, that Sulphate of Ammonia will be supplied to the agriculturist at the lowest possible price, the Technical Mission's recommendations will be supported 'inter alia' by the collection of data along the following lines, viz.

(a) The capacity, location and the capital cost of (A) a plant which the I.C.I. unfettered by any extraneous restrictions would install for an output not exceeding 360,000 tons of Sulphate of Ammonia, and the process it would use, (B) each separate unit the construction of which is recommended and the process to be used.

(b) The capacity and capital cost in each case, of the power plant attached to each unit whether thermal or hydro-electric, and the cost of generating electricity per unit.

If electric power is to be purchased from an outside generating station belonging to a Provincial Government or other hydro-electric organisation, the cost of generation per unit, including an apropriate amount of depreciation and a reasonable rate of interest.

The rate per unit at which, and the station from which the electric power is actually to be supplied.

(c) An estimate in each case of the selling price per ton f.o.r. Works, including—

i. Works Costs.
ii. Depreciation.
iii. Return on Investment.
iv. Management expenses.

(d) An estimate of the cost of packing, transportation etc. to the principal consumming centres.

(e) The relative disadvantage in the matter of freight, if any, for the ditribution of Sulphate of Ammonia from the most favourably situated and the most economic unit to the principal centres of consumption in the particular province where the erection of a smaller unit is proposed.

(f) The extent to which the manufacture of other nitrogenous products, by-products or co-products can be combined with that of Sulphate of Ammonia.

The question of the payment of a subsidy to the consumer (which, for practical purposes and in effect, is the same thing as payment to the producer) should be decided only after a careful examination of the above data, and precaution should be taken that the general tax-payer is not called upon to subsidise a unit which, owing to its unfavourable location, size, the use of an expensive process, or other avoidable reasons, produces or sells its products at a higher price than a plant more favourably situated. In order to achieve this object, the scale of subsidy payable to individual provincial units or to the consumers within the provinces should be based on the all-in-costs of the most economic and efficient plant, taking into account the cost of transport and distribution. If the Provinces are willing to take over any additional liabilities which may arise by reason of such an arrangement, neither the Government of India nor the general tax-payer can have any just reason to complain.

The third point—viz., expansion of the industries dependent on nitrogen and/or hydrogen is too complicated to permit of any useful discussion here. I would refer the reader for a fuller exposition of the subject to my Memorandum on "The Nitrogen Industry." (Stocked by The Book Company Ltd., 4-3B, Bankim Chatterjee Street, Calcutta). It is sufficient for my present object to observe that the manufacture of Sulphate of Ammonia as a separate nitrogen product, which is involved in the establishment of small units, will greatly retard, if it does not prevent, the expansion of the nitrogen industry as a whole. It will, also, not only raise to the agriculturist the price of Sulphate of Ammonia, but of all other nitrogenous products essential for the establishment of many key industries dependent on cheap hydrogen and/or nitrogen, or their derivatives. Such a development may prove to be of advantage to the I.C.I. but fatal to our own industrial future.

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There is, however, a wider aspect of the question This may become very important not immediately but at some later stage Some day not very distant, a gigantic plant may be erected by a powerful Corporation in the most favourable area possible, on or in the vicinity of the coal fields, combining with the manufacture of Sulphate of Ammonia many other nitrogenous products or by-products, and their derivatives and distributing them through a well-equipped marketing organization. In such a case, severe condition of competition may arise and the smaller units may then have to seek some additional assistance either from the Provincial Governments concerned or from the Government of India, if they are to be saved from complete extinction or at any rate, from submission to any terms which may be imposed upon them by their powerful rival. Such a development, it may be recalled, actually arose when the Swedish Match Co., with its large factories constructed in India, behind the Tariff wall, was compeling a few years ago against smaller ones. No drastic action was taken, though it had been threatened, by the Government of India against that Company, because it voluntarily stopped unfair competition, whilst the industry itself was not regarded as one of real national importance. The case of this industry is entirely different. It is one of first rate national importance, but it will be difficult for the Government to devise an effective remedy although one may be absolutely desirable on national grounds.

There is also another aspect of the question which cannot be ignored. It cannot be in the larger interests of India that any one Province should subsidise its industries by supplying them with power or other facilities at uneconomic rates, in order to enable them to compete within or without their own boundaries against similar industries more favourably situated in other Provinces. If this vicious principle is once admitted, its extension to other industries cannot be prevented. The same position may arise, if it has not already arisen, in respect of some industries, as between the Indian States and British India. Far worse, perhaps, than the consequences of the subsidization by a Province of an All-India industry, would be those of any direct collaboration, without adequate safeguards, by an individual Province with the I.C.I. Such collaboration may not only enable the Province, backed by such a powerful organization as the I.C.I., to enter into unfair competition against others engaged in similar business, but may prevent the ultimate establishment of the Industry as a national enterprise, controlled, managed and financed wholly by Indians.

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For these reasons it is of the utmost importance that the proposals, if they take this form, should receive the closest scrutiny before the Provinces are encouraged to embark on their individual projects. The Government's hope that these plants can be erected and brought into operation within two years is hardly likely to be realised unless existing plants are bodily dismantled in some other country and transported to and re-erected in India, or new plants have already been placed on order in anticipation of the report of the Technical Mission. It would otherwise be impossible to fabricate them, to transport them to India, to erect them and to bring them into operation in two years. The Government will be lucky if this can be achieved even in four years. It would, in these circumstances, be a great mistake to prepare hurried plans behind closed doors and to attempt to bring them into execution before submitting them, in the fullest detail, to public scrutiny, and examining their probable implications from the point of view not only of India as a whole but also that of the Provinces themselves. Indian public opinion, which is almost unanimous, is entitled to, and does demand that the whole Report, the recommendations of the Technical Mission and the record of the evidence taken by it shall be published for general information. After the publication of the proceedings, and before the Government of India or the Provincial Governments commit themselves to any definite line of action, genuine representatives of Indian industrial and financial interests, accompanied, if they wish, by experts of their own choice, should be consulted and given an opportunity of expressing their views on the whole question in the light of the published information.

"LANCET" ON BOMBAY PLAN

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, Sept. 11

Quoting extensively from the speeches of Prof. Rai in the Commons on 28th July and of Major-General Hance at New Delhi on 14th March last, emphasising the lack of proper medical attention, proper nutrition and technological development and the high death-rate and the vast illiteracy the current issue of the "Lancet" in its editorial article on "Food and Health in India" says: "The average man in Britain is regarded as being well-informed if he realises that India is a geographical expression representing a sub-continent of about the size of Europe excluding Russia with a population of 400 million. Its people owe allegiance to nine great religions, speak 130 different dialects belonging to six distinct families of speech. Yet he would be wrong if he rushed to the conclusion that this confusion of tongues and incompatible beliefs could never become a nation. The experience of Russia and even of the bewildering variety of races and tongues called the United States of America gives the lie to such pessimism. In the economic field India is essentially an agricultural country, only about 50 of its towns would qualify to become county boroughs of England, but her potential resources for industrial development are very great although the greater part of the subcontinent is economically medieval. India stands to-day on the verge of a revolution. This coming change has already been foreseen by prominent industrialists, especially in Bombay. The industrial revolution cannot be handled by importing million tons of grain or even by putting more people on the land, although, of course, the former is a temporary protection against the repetition of famine conditions and the latter a valuable contribution to self-sufficiency. A long term plan for agriculture is an indispensable feature of economic development just as industrial progress is essential to the progress of agriculture.

The outlook on the threshold of an industrial revolution is not encouraging. Stark facts are unalterable, whether one is familiar with India or not the task of ensuring food supply is enormous and niceties of calculation put forward recently by the Correspondent of the "Times" show appalling lack of vision. This is surely no time for an estimate of nutrition on fodder basis. Even in a backward agricultural community the principles of nutrition are now so well established in the West that they can be applied to the east with suitable modifications. Under a five-year plan a provision of comprehensive health service is another story, but one must not be held down by old methods and traditions. There are excellent precedents for new service—Sweden, Canada, U.S.S.R. The fact that it took a hundred years to build a Health Service in Britain is irrelevant. The Bombay industrialists aim at doubling the standard of life for the whole of India within 15 years. An even bolder plan has been put forward by the Indian Federation of Labour which bases its scheme on a ten-year programme. This is the way to tackle the health problem the immensity of which should make the deviser more eager in his devising.

Reviewing the Bombay plan "Lancet" says: It is a realistic document. It tells us how in fifteen years the level of medical, sanitary and health services in India may be raised from the present level, being challenge to our sense of responsibility. Economics seem plausible enough, but the outstanding fact is that India is beginning a plan for herself along realistic lines. The very modesty of the aim of the plan is an indication of the depth of the general standard of living in India to-day."

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"I have attempted to speak in a language I learned with my ayah's milk nearly 70 years ago. I have long forgotten to speak it, but my friends have translated my speech into Urdu for me, and if I have made mistakes you will forgive me. I wish you and the Indian army all success. Long live the King-Emperor."

—Mr. Amery orating to Indian troops.

* * *

Explaining the Government's Post-war Reconstruction Plan, the Governor of Bombay assured the Provincial Rural Development Board that "it is true that, in the initial stages, reconstruction activities will be concentrated in areas which have done well in the matter of recruiting, but these areas also happen to be areas mostly in need of, development."

Q. E. D. yes. But His Excellency ought to be more careful in arranging his argument. Supose the Philippses and Pearsons of the U.S. got hold of this one sentence? They might easily feel tempted to arrive at quite another Q. E. D.

* * *

The Stone Inquiry Committee has listed five causes that led to the Bombay Dock Explosions and the April tragedy.

And each one of them provokes a complaining wail to Providence as to why then poor India and Indians should have been made to suffer so horribly.

* * *

Emphasising that between April 14, 1939 and April 14, 1944 there were 60 fires in ships in Bombay docks and 15 of which were in ships carrying explosives, an Anglo-Indian contemporary remarks that "in view of these facts, the concern of the Government to avoid similar catastrophes in future savours somewhat of bolting the stable doors after the horse has gone."

Thanks brother! But is it—er—patriotic wisdom to let down the Government of India thus?

* * *

Almost as bad as this letting down is the Government of India's own attitude of apologetic confessions and assurances. It was all so depressing until we came to His Majesty's Government's comments. They are so uplifting and so much in H. M. G.'s tradition of heroic defiance to all explosives, shells, dive-bombs, flying bombs etc.

H. M. G. flatly reject the Stone Committee's charge against the British War Transport Ministry.

We admire their all-out resistance to the committee's aggression by refusing to take it, as it were.

Why, any acceptance of such a charge might well have involved heavy strain on the British Exchequer—or on the genius of Lord Keynes, Sir John Anderson etc

* * *

A British paper is reported to have pointedly argued that if the United States has to avenge Pearl Harbour Britain, too, has to avenge Singapore.

And don't we agree!

* * *

It has been officially announced that the invasion of Germany is on. DEUTSCHLAND UBER ALLES has been the slogan of United Nations' objective, too.

DOES INDIGESTION WALLOP YOU BELOW THE BELT?

Help Your Forgotten "28" For The Kind Of Relief That Helps Make You Karin' To Go

More than half of your digestion is done below the belt—in your 28 feet of bowels. So when indigestion strikes, try something that helps digestion in the stomach AND below the belt.

What you may need is Carter's Little Liver Pills to give needed help to that "forgotten 28 feet" of bowels.

Take one Carter's Little Liver Pill before and one after meals. Take them according to directions. They help wake up a larger flow of the 3 main digestive juices in your stomach AND bowels—help you digest what you have eaten in Nature's own way.

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DEAFNESS

Partial or total—no matter complicated with head noises and other troubles, cured radically and permanently in four weeks by our safe, sure, worldwide tested and guaranteed easy Herbal home-treatment. Particulars on request.

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SWEET CHOCOLATE LAXATIVE
A SAFE RELIABLE AND EFFECTIVE REMEDY FOR CONSTIPATION
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Don't use dyes. Use our scented oil and let your grey hairs turn black lasting upto 60 years. Your eye-sight will be improved and headache cured. If a few hair has turned grey, then buy a phial for Rs. 2|8|- if more then buy a phial for Rs. 3-8-0, if almost all then purchase one phial for Rs. 5|-. Double price be returned in case of failure.

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Vaidyaraj AKHIL KISHORE RAM, No. 45, P.O. Katrisarai (Gaya).

Further Gain Of 50 Points In Tata Steel Deferreds

Gold And Silver Prices Weak

BOMBAY, Sept. 12.

The share market after keeping quietly steady, experienced hectic activity towards the close especially in Tata Steel Defd. which shot up to Rs. 2120 on short covering as well as buying by bull operators. In the wake of Defds. textile shares which had receded recovered and closed steady. Gold as well as silver market ruled weak. The cotton market was better after early easiness.

The Share Market after opening steady improved slightly but at higher levels, renewed liquidation came forth in textiles. The market received a moderate set back from the highest level. Later on active support in Tata Steel Defds changed the course of the market in an upward direction.

Tata Steel Defds. opened at 2,075 and after improving to Rs. 2,086-4 reacted to Rs. 2,072-8 but again advanced briskly to Rs. 2,120. Ordinaries after touching Rs. 388 eased off to Rs. 385 Dyeing opened at Rs. 1,720 and after advancing to Rs. 1,730 reacted to Rs. 1,712. Kohinoor eased off to 557 from 562. Swadeshi to Rs. 490, Gokak to Rs. 393, New Great Rs. 369, Simplex Rs. 228-8, Construction Rs. 195, India United Ord. Rs. 13-13, Bengal Steel Rs. 30-9, Indian Iron Rs. 37-9 and Scindia Rs. 30-3

TEXTILES—Bom. Dyeing 1727/8 Century 760 Central India 382/8 Colaba Land 205 Finlay 278/8 Gokak 294 Ind. Bleaching 153 Kohinoor 561 Morarji 600 Mysore 322/8 New Great 370 Phoenix 532/8 Simplex 228/8 Swadeshi 493 Swan 303 Ahmd Advance 418/12 Apollo 3/11/6 Berar 300 Bharat 67 Bradbury 360 Coorla 196/4 David 1000 Dawn 1000 Edward Textiles 650 India United Defd 2/12 India United Ordy 13/12 Elphinstone Ord 76 Gold Mohur 290 Hindustan 3750 Indian Manuf. 3850 Indore Malwa 675 Khatau 352/8 Laxmi 1327/8 Madhawji Defd 17/8 Madhusudan 420 Meyer 202/8 Minerva 240 Model Nagpur 255 New City 350 New Union 23/8 New Victoria 8/2 Podar 311/4 Sajjan 435 Sassoon Cotton 21/4 Sassoon Silk 82 Shapurji Bharucha 9 Sholapur 6270 Shrinivas 325 Tata Mills 54 Vishnu Cotton 465 Western Xd 3400

STEELS & MININGS—Tata St. Defd 2117/8 Tata Steel Ord 387/8 Shivrajpur 51 Indian Iron 37/8 Bengal Steel 30/7 Burma Corporation 4/8/6 Indian Copper 3/1

CEMENT—A. C. C. 228/12

HYDRO-ELECTRIC—Andhra Valley 1805 Tata Power 1865 Tata Hydro 202 Bom. Tramway 147/8 Ahmd. Electricity 198/2 Amalgamated Electric 16/4 Ajmere 14/8 B. Suburban 215 Broach 12/8 Karachi 247/8 Poona 305 Surat 215

BANKS—Baroda 131 Central 75 Habib 75/8 Hindustan Com. 56 Hindustan Merchant 50 Imperial P P 1972/8 Imperial P P 482/8 India 174 International Bank Xd 57 Jaipur Bank 69 Reserve 131 Union 9 United Commercial 78

INSURANCE—Br I General 19/8 Empire 775 Jupiter Xd 28/8 Indian Mercantile 63/8 New India 75/12 New Great 24/8 Oriental 6200 Vasant 25 Vulcan 15

RAILWAYS—Ahmd. Prantej Rly. 787/8 C P Railway 101/4 Dhond Baramati 119 Mandra Dhon 118 Pachora-Jamner 102 Sialkot Narowal 121

MISCELLANEOUS—Alcock 411/4 B. I. C. 6 Belapur Sugar 233 Bom. Steam 310 Bombay Burma 517/8 B. Burma (New) 185 Premier Construction 193/8 Br. Burma Petrol 4/4 Indian Radio Ord 470 Indian Radio Defd 450 Indust. Invest. Trust 123 Port Canning 102/8 Scindia Steam 30/5 Tata Oil 70 Tata Chemicals 21/14 Dharamsi Chemicals 53/8 Wimco Match 278/8

PREFERENCE SHARES—7 pc Andhra Valley 1688/12 7-1/2 Tata Power 1787/8 7 pc Tata Hydro 168/12 7 pc B. Tram 69/4 6 pc Tata Steel 1st 223/12 7-1/2 pc Tata Steel 2nd 160/12 6 pc Bom. Steam 362/8 5 pc Ahmd. Advance 145 7 pc Bradbury 550 5 p c C India 735 7 pc Elphinstone 120 5-1/2 pc New Great 247/8

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay Dyeing (1725) 1722/8 1731/4 1722 1710 1716 1706 1729
Century (755) 760
Central India (383/8) 382 386 378/8 382/8
Kohinoor (559) 559 562 553 561
New Great (386) 371 373 364 370
Simplex (229/8) 229 231 226 229
Swadeshi (491) 492 497 489 494 490 493
T. Steel Ordy (385/8) 386 388 382/8 2072 2100 2117/8
T. Steel Drda (385/8) 386 388 382/8 384 382 388

6 pc New Victoria 10 5 pc Swadeshi 150 7 pc Vishnu 792/8 6-1/4 p c Prem Const 2nd 139 5-1/2 pc Amalgamated 145 5 p c Tata Chemicals 140

GOVT. SECURITIES—3-1/2 pc Govt. Paper 99/4 2-3/4 p c 1948/52 99/12 3 pc 1946 102/5 3 pc 1949/52 101/7 3 pc 1951/54 101/1 3 pc 1953/55 100/5 3 pc 1957 101 3 p c 1963/65 99/2 3 p c 1966/68 98/4 3-1/2 p c 1947/50 103/10 4 p c 1960/70 112/10 4-1/2 p c 1955/60 116/2 5 p c 1945/55 104/3

Gold & Silver

Owing to further encouraging war news, the market ruled easy. There was some improvement during the early stages but later on, selling pressure came forth. Small tenders in Silver were accepted by the Reserve Bank at Rs. 129-4, while no tenders in Gold were offered.

Silver for next week delivery was quoted at Rs. 125-8 and Gold Rs. 69-15. Subsequently prices declined further with gold dropping to Rs. 69 and silver to Rs. 124-8.

Bombay Cotton

The tendency in Cotton Market was weak but subsequently the tone was better.

Business in private was reported at Rs. 426 for new crop contract. Official transactions in new crop contract will commence from Asho Sud 2nd. Later on the price improved to Rs. 430-8.

PARITY DIFFERENCE: I.C.C. September is 606 cent points below New York October at Exchange 331.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.

Cotton early improved on reports that the conferences of the Surplus Disposal Bill have agreed to ban sales of cotton abroad below domestic prices. Thereafter activity slowed down, prices sagging on realising and lessened demand probably reflecting reports that the Joint Congressional Committee have amended the Surplus Disposal Bill authorising the Commodity Credit Corporation to sell agricultural surpluses abroad at prevailing world prices. Finally the market steadied on usual fixations and closed steady.

NEW YORK COTTON.
October 21.46, December 21.27, January 21.19, Middling Spot 22.01.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
October 21.44, December 21.28, January 21.16, Middling Spot 21.17.

NEW YORK COTTON, NOON CALL.
October 21.44, December 21.26, March 21.04.

LONDON SILVER

LONDON, Sept. 11.
Spot 23-1/2 Forward 23-1/2 Gold bars fine per oz. £8/8/0

LONDON WHEAT

Wheat Rozario (New crop) 39/3 Sept/Oct. Quoted.
Wheat Australian (bulk) 45 Sept/Oct Quoted
Wheat Australian (bags) 48 Sept/Oct Quoted

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

	£
Rupee 3-1/2 pc	72-3/8
Consols 2-1/2 pc	878-15/16
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 pc 1961	104
War Loan 3-1/2 pc	104-5/16
Funding Loan 4 pc 1960/90	113-15/16
Victory Bonds 4 pc	111-13/16
Chartered Bank of I. A. & China	11-3/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg)	88-1/2
National Bank of India	42

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. Six Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday the 12th September 1944 Total amount offered was Rs. 14,61,50,000—(Rupees fourteen Crores sixty-one lakhs fifty thousand only). Tenders at Rs. 99-14-3 were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-14-0 allotted approximately 37 p.c. Total abount accepted was Rs. Six Crores, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re 0-7-10 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Six Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday the 19th September 1944 in Bombay up to 11 a.m (Standard Time) and up to the close of business on Monday the 18th September 1944 at other centres. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday the 22nd September 1944. Other conditions are as usual.

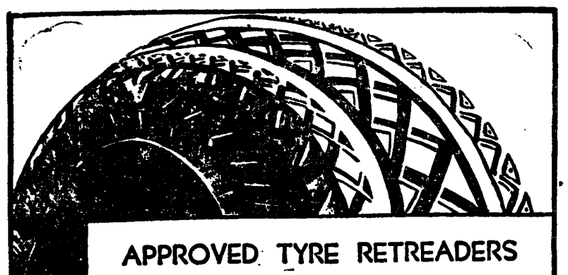
During the week ended 8th September 1944, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,00,00,000—(Rupees two crores only) were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

BHUJ, Sept. 12.
To-day's Kori Hundi rate 341.

Rs. 200 PRIZE
FOR ARTICLE ON INDUSTRIAL OPPORTUNITIES

Industry Publishers Ltd., Keshub Bhaban Shambazar, Calcutta offer 200-rupee Prizes to be awarded in October for best article on War time Industrial opportunities.

Write for particulars and rules.



APPROVED TYRE RETREADERS
New India Industries Ltd.
26, Lamington Road North, Bombay 11.
Tel. 40689 "Telegram NUTRED."

TWO "POWERFUL MINORITIES" IN OFFING?

LONDON, Sept. 13

The British Press does not seem to have taken much interest in the news from India about Gandhi-Jinnah meeting.

Out of ten Sunday newspapers, only four, namely, "Observer" the "Sunday Times" "Sunday Chronicle"—all conservatives, and the "Reynold's News"—socialist, have published scrappy News Agency message not giving more than eighty words only about this historic meeting. Neither was there any comment by any of the British papers.

London political circles, however, are keenly watching all developments in India and refuse to make any comment on the Bombay talks at this stage. Most of the Parliament Members are at present out of London enjoying their summer holidays Mr. Reginald Sorenson the stalwart supporter of India's cause, is anxiously awaiting fuller news from India, and so are Prof Harold Laski, Mr. Lawrence Housman and other socialist friends of India.

PESSIMISTIC TRENDS

The general trend of feeling here, however, appears to be one of pessimism about the result of the Gandhi-Jinnah talks. Those who entertain this pessimistic feeling point out that even if Gandhiji is able to win over Mr. Jinnah and his Moslems, he will have to prepare himself to face two powerful minorities which are being carefully nursed at present by interested parties and encouraged to put forward special claims of their own.

In this connection, a friend of India who is a keen student of Indian affairs and knows India Office very well said to your correspondent: "I know that India's fighting men will soon constitute themselves into a powerful minority who may directly oppose Congress-League demand for complete independence. I have a feeling that they will be encouraged to repudiate any settlement arrived at between Gandhiji and Mr. Jinnah.

"The untouchables are expected", he added: "to make common cause with the Sikhs who are known to be hostile to the present talks."—United Press.

Send Out Arbitration-Board To India

NEW YORK, Sept. 10

Sirdar J. J. Singh, President of the India League of America, suggested in a statement to-day that an arbitration board, with representatives of the United States, Russia, and China, be sent out to India immediately.

"The Board should, firstly, examine thoroughly the status of the Indian princes vis-a-vis the British, and devise means to bring them into an India union on a democratic basis; secondly, examine the Moslem and minority problem, if a solution of this point is not already reached between Mr. Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah at the current Bombay meeting; and thirdly, arbitrate between the British Government and the Indian people and work out a programme whereby India can become a free partner in the United Nations and enter the post-war world as an independent nation.—Reuter

W. I. Badminton Championships

Mumtaz Chinoy And Kisan Lotwalla Defeated After Keen Struggle In Mixed Doubles

The matches in the Western India Badminton Championships Tournament at the Bombay Gymkhana on Tuesday evening were again one sided in a certain measure. The most exciting encounter of the day was between Miss Mumtaz Chinoy and Kisan Lotwalla and Miss Suman Deodhar and Sunil Bose in the mixed doubles. The latter pair managed to win very narrowly, Mrs. Godse and B. V. Ullal also put up a good fight against Miss Sunder Deodhar and V. A. Madgaokar

In the men's doubles, K. M. Rangnekar and D. G. Mugwe were well extended by M. N. Desai and R. R Agaskar.

The Junior Singles saw a keen tussle between R. D. Desai and B. C. Chabia the former winning the verdict ultimately.

The following are the results:—

MEN'S DOUBLES

V. A. Madgaokar and S. Bose bt. S. R. Ruia and L. R. Agaskar 15—4, 15—8; A. V. Ullal and B. V. Ullal w.o. C. B. Kalappa and R. Nilkantan; H. Ferreira and R. Pereira bt. S. G. Ranadive and S. R. Kallambi 15—6, 15—6; K. M. Rangnekar and D. G. Mugwe bt. M. N. Desai and B. R. Agaskar 18—14, 15—10.

MIXED DOUBLES

Miss Sundar Deodhar and V. A. Madgaokar bt. Mrs. Godse and B. V. Ullal 15—12, 15—10, Miss Suman Deodhar and S. Bose bt. Miss M. R. Chinoy and K. R. Lotwalla 15—1, 6—15, 15—13; Miss M. R. Vimadalal and K. M. Rangnekar bt. Mrs. Herenjal and R. J. Carvalho 15—11 15—5; Mrs. Soman and V. N. Iyer bt. Miss Phadnis and K. S. Shete 11—7, 11—5.

WOMEN'S SINGLES

Miss Chinoy bt. Miss A. Phadnis 11—7, 1—5.

JUNIORS SINGLES

R. D. Desai bt. B. C. Chabira 17—14, 18—17; G. Chandiramani bt. K. C. Mashruwalla 15—9, 15—7.

ARMY XI BEAT BANGALORE R.A.F.

The Army beat the Bangalore R.A.F. in the third match of the Carnival series by 5 goals to one at the Cooperage on Tuesday. The score however, does not correctly indicate the run of play. In fact the Airmen had as much of the exchanges as their opponents. The only difference was that Gould, the Army Custodian, prevented the Bangalore forwards from scoring time and again, while the Langton and Co. found the visitors' citadel easier to penetrate.

Bangalore, who had requisitioned the services of Keddie of the Bombay R.A.F. in the deep defence, started in a promising fashion and actually they secured a lead through Lee, their centre-forward. But the soldiers did not take long to settle down. Langton produced the equaliser and then helped Pearson to increase the lead with a lovely centre.

The teams changed ends with Army leading by two goals to one. The Airmen took charge of the attacking operations and bombarded the Army goal frequently. But luck was against them, in addition to the splendid goal-keeping by Gould. Despite the knee-injury suffered by Langton in the first half, he gathered his forces again and helped three more goals to be added to the tally. After Livingstone had scored the third goal for the Army, Denis Compton, the English International booked the last two.

At the conclusion of the match Lady Stone, wife of the Chief Justice of Bombay, distributed the prizes to both the teams.

TO-DAY'S MATCH

6-15 P.M. England vs. The Rest.

MORE OVERSEAS WHEAT FOR INDIA

NEW DELHI, Sept. 12: About 35,000 tons of wheat are reported to have arrived in India from overseas during the week ended September 5.—A.P.

Parle Municipal Workers' Strike Threatened

(From A Correspondent)

VILE PARLE, Sept. 12

Parle-Andheri area is threatened with impending Municipal workers' strike. Municipal authorities refuse to give the full war allowance to the workers.

The Secretary, Vile-Parle Tenants' Association has sent a telegram to the Commissioner Northern Division to intervene and avert the strike and its consequences.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

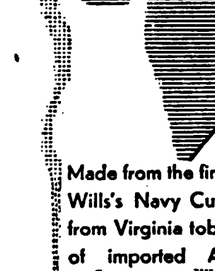
Whatever one's persuasion, whatever one's politics, whatever one's vested or personal interests, one cannot help watching with admiration the humble way in which the Mahatma has conducted himself on this occasion. The door slammed in his face by a Viceroy, the jibes of his critics stabbing at his heart, he has still gone on with a resoluteness of purpose which is uncanny. An anonymous friend, who, I believe, is an American, sends me a few lines of Abraham Lincoln, which I feel apply well to Mahatma Gandhi. Lincoln said:

"I do the very best I know how; the very best I can; and I mean to keep doing so until the end. If the end brings me out all right, what is said against me won't amount to anything. If the end brings me out wrong, ten angels swearing I was right would make no difference."

I feel that expresses what must be in the Mahatma's mind today.

* * *

The causes of the City Docks' explosion are summed up in fourteen points in the masterly report of the inquiry Commission over which the Chief Justice of Bombay presided. It is quite obvious from the tone and the definite precision of the report that the Commission mean the authorities to take further action in this case. Every one of the 14 points suggests that something which should have been done, was NOT done. The report appears to suggest NEGLIGENCE on the part of a number of responsible persons and in view of the gravity of the damage done as a result of this, it is important that something more should be done than merely to sit and read the report. Point 13 is very important: It tells us that the Commodore, R.I.N., has power under the Defence of India to scuttle a ship on fire in the docks. The Report states that he was not even informed of the fire. Whose duty was it to report to him? Surley if the Commodore, R.I.N. has such great powers entrusted to him in an emergency, arrangements should be made that he be made aware of a situation in which his power can be used. We are grateful to the Inquiry Commission for a most pungent report, but we are equally certain that with this report on hand the authorities should take steps to act on and to bring to book such persons—CIVIL and NAVAL and MILITARY—as have contributed to this terrible negligence. It may involve trials and courts-martial. If they are necessary let us have them. Too much has been lost, lives of men, property, ships, buildings, savings of a lifetime—negligence cannot be allowed to pass unpunished.



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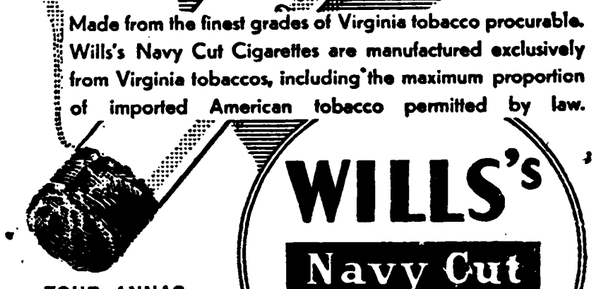

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plus tax where local or provincial taxation is in force

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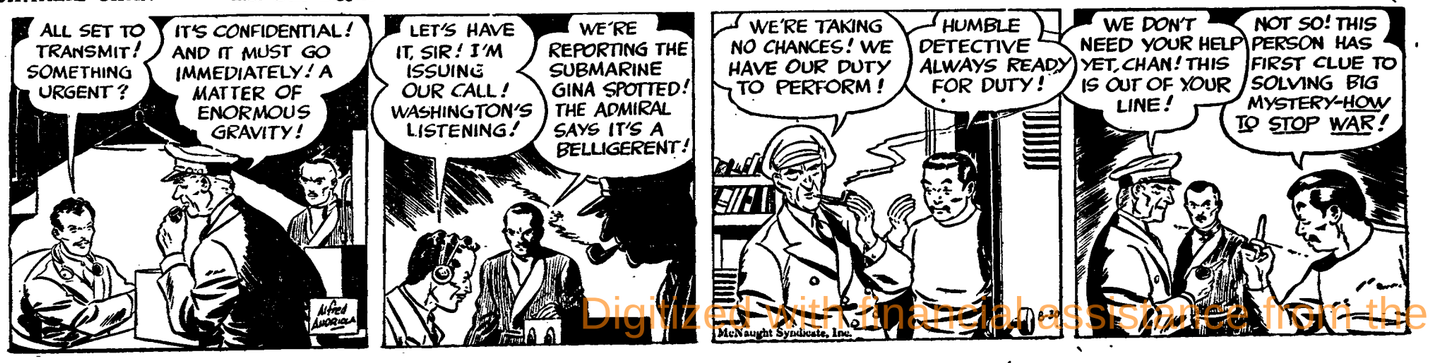
CHARLIE CHAN — Character Created by Earl Derr Biggers — CLUE TO CRIME OF CIVILIZATION — By ALFRED ANDRIOLA


ALL SET TO TRANSMIT! SOMETHING URGENT?
IT'S CONFIDENTIAL! AND IT MUST GO IMMEDIATELY! A MATTER OF ENORMOUS GRAVITY!
LET'S HAVE IT, SIR! I'M ISSUING OUR CALL! WASHINGTON'S LISTENING!
WE'RE REPORTING THE SUBMARINE GINA SPOTTED! THE ADMIRAL SAYS IT'S A BELLIGERENT!
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HUMBLE DETECTIVE ALWAYS READY FOR DUTY!
WE DON'T NEED YOUR HELP YET, CHAN! THIS IS OUT OF YOUR LINE!
NOT SO! THIS PERSON HAS FIRST CLUE TO SOLVING BIG MYSTERY—HOW TO STOP WAR!
ALFRED ANDRIOLA
McNaught Syndicate, Inc.

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Wanted a suitable match for a Gazetted officer of civilian Rank drawing Rs. 450 Highly qualified, coming from a Punjabi respectable Vaish family and a bachelor of 24. No caste or religious restrictions Enclose photos Box No. 6010, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted M.B. Doctor or Cinema Director not below 40 years to marry high class, fair Brahmin Lady proficient in Hindi, Music. Apply Box No. 6009 "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a competent Accountan immediately. He must be able to draw Balance-Sheet & Profit and Loss Account and to work independently. Apply with testimonials mentioning salary expected, to Shalimar Pictures, Shankersett Road, Poona. 5995

Wanted efficient Publicity Artists. Apply with specimens of their work to Shalimar Pictures, Shankersett Road, Poona. 5996

Applications are invited for the post of a Graduate Engineer possessing not less than 2 to 3 years' experience in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering Experience in construction and erection of equipment for chemical plant desirable. Salary according to qualifications. Apply to: The Works Manager, The Eastern Chemical Co. (India), Rowlee Hill, Sion, Bombay, 22. 232

TO BE LET

To Let Godown in Bombay. Apply Box No. 6021, "Bombay Chronicle."

FLATS WANTED

Wanted by Naval Officer's wife—Flat-House—3-4 bedrooms—location preferred, near Ritze, Marine Drive, Reclamation, Colaba. Reply immediately as advertiser on short visit Bombay. Box No. 6017, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Naval Officer's wife having modern flat centrally situated—2 bed, 2 bath, Refrigerator. Fans, Tel., Karachi, wishes Exchange Flat, Bombay. Box No. 6017, "Bombay Chronicle."

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EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Matric! Become Graduates (Punjab University) by 15 months' home-study. Apply Dewan's—Lahore. 5928

BUSINESS FOR SALE

To Sale. Cloth & Tailoring Shp in good locality in Bombay. Apply Box No. 6020, "Bombay Chronicle."

PROPERTY FOR SALE

An up-to-date Condiment Factory in U. P. equipped with Automatic Processing Machines Pukka Constructed, run by Electric power, complete with electric fittings and Motors suitable for dehydration of potatoes and vegetables. Capacity 300 tons per month. Situation ideal for food manufacture, comprising several big stores, offices, well, workshop, laboratory and Chaprasi quarters. Correspond Box No. 6011, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Wanted one Condensor of 400 Volts 3 Phase, A.C., capacity 35 to 50 KVA. Please send full details along with rock bottom prices to Nagrath Oil Mills Factory Area, Cawnpore 186

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

We can distribute all sorts of articles in Punjab, N. W. F. P. and Kashmir. Very efficient Sales organisation, huge turnover guaranteed. Already representing TATAS. Please write to Jaicson & Company, P. O. Box No. 264. 15, Beadon Road, Lahore. 6012

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For Sale one Dumpy Level in good order Rs. 650 or near offer. Apply Box No. 5991, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF RATIONING
TOWN HALL, CALCUTTA.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from candidates for the preliminary selection of a Godown Superintendent of the Calcutta Industrial Area Rationing Godowns. Pay Rs. 1,000/- per month, no allowance. Candidates must have experience of the grains trade, particularly of the storage of grains.

Applications should contain the following particulars:—

1. Name in full in block letters
2. Father's name
3. Present Postal address
4. Age
5. Qualification and experiences
6. Details of post held now and during the last three years
7. Religion and caste
8. Home address in full

Applications should be addressed to Deputy Controller of Rationing, Storage and Transport Section, Town Hall, Calcutta. No application will be considered if received after October 3, 1944.

Secretary,
Appointment Board.
(218)

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE PUNJAB BREEDERS LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of The Punjab Breeders, Ltd., will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Stonette Building, 1|2, Arthur Bunder, Colaba, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the Fourth day of October, 1944, at 4-45 o'clock in the afternoon (S. T.) for the purpose of considering and if thought fit passing the following resolutions as Ordinary Resolutions:

I (a) That the Capital of the Company be increased from Rs. 5,000/- consisting of 5,000 Ordinary Shares of Re. 1/- each to Rs. 20,04,000/- by the creation of 19990 shares of Rs. 100/- each, of which 9990 shall be ordinary shares.

(b) That out of the 9990 Ordinary shares so created 3990 ordinary shares of Rs. 100/- each be issued ranking for dividend and in all other respects pari passu with the existing 1000 ordinary shares of Re. 1/- each in the Company and such 3990 Ordinary shares shall rank for dividend as from the registration of the Company and shall be issued subject to the terms and conditions of the Articles of Asscciation of the Company.

(c) That out of the said 3990 ordinary shares of Rs. 100/- each so to be issued, 1,500 ordinary shares of Rs. 100/- each be allotted to Mr. Ahmad Fatah credited as fully paid up pursuant to the agreement dated the 16th day of February 1944 as modified by the agreement dated the 20th day of March, 1944 as further modified by the agreement dated the 6th day of September, 1944.

(d) That the remaining 2490 new ordinary shares of Rs. 100/- each so to be issued be offered at par, in such manner as the Directors may think fit, in the first instance to the members of the Company whose names stand in the Register of Shareholders on the Fourth day of October 1944 upon the footing that the full amount of each share taken up viz: Rs. 100/- shall be paid to the Company with the application for the Shares. The Directors shall have absolute discretion regarding the number of new shares to be allotted to each applicant and no member shall have a right to have allotted to him any specified number of such shares or any of them. The Directors shall have power to dispose of the 2490 shares not taken in response to such offer as they consider expedient in the interests of the Company.

(e) That the Directors be authorised to issue the remaining 6000 Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100/- each or any part thereof upon the consent for the issue thereof being obtained from the Government of India and so that whenever such shares are issued they shall so far as possible be offered in the first instance to the shareholders of the Company at the date of issue at par and ranking for dividend and in all respects pari passu with the said 3990 ordinary shares of Rs. 100/- each now resolved to be issued who shall be entitled to take up a proportionate part thereof in proportion to the number of ordinary shares then held by them and that any shares that may be so issued and be not taken up by the shareholders entitled to them shall be disposed of and allotted by the Directors on such terms and at such price and to such persons as they may think fit.

(f) That the remaining 10,000 shares hereby created be from time to time issued at such price and upon such terms and conditions and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto and with or without a preferential or qualified right to dividend and/or in the distribution of the assets of the Company and with a special or without any right of voting as the Directors may in General Meeting be authorised.

II. That the 1000 Ordinary shares of Re. 1/- each in the capital of the Company already allotted be consolidated in such manner that every 100 of the said shares shall constitute one share upon which the sum of Rs. 100/- shall be credited as having been paid.

Dated this 11th day of September, 1944.

By Order of the Board,
A. Fatah & Co., Ltd.,
A. FATAH,
Managing Director,
Managing Agents.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS and the Register of Members of the Company shall be CLOSED from Thursday, the 21st September, 1944, to Wednesday, the 4th October, 1944 (Both days inclusive).

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ROYAL INDIAN NAVY

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the posts of Stenographers on Rs. 125/- p. m. in the scale of 125-5-180-10-280 plus dearness allowance. Apply in writing, stating age, qualifications, previous experience, etc., to the Chief Superintendent, Royal Indian Navy Office, Mint Road, Fort, Bombay. 233

PUBLIC NOTICES

(THIS IS NOT A PROSPECTUS NOR AN INVITATION TO THE PUBLIC TO SUBSCRIBE FOR SHARES, BUT ONLY AN ANNOUNCEMENT).

(Consent of the Central Government has been obtained to the issue under Defence of India Rule 94A. It must be distinctly understood that in giving this consent the Government of India do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any schemes or for the correctness of any of the statements made or opinions expressed with regard to them).

KAMANI METALS & ALLOYS LIMITED

(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act 1913).

AUTHORISED CAPITAL .... Rs. 1,00,00,000
ISSUED CAPITAL ..... Rs. 40,00,000

divided into 10,000 5½% Cumulative Preference shares of the nominal value of Rs. 10,00,000 and 3,00,000 Ordinary Shares of the nominal value of Rs. 30,00,000/-.

Out of the above issue, the Managing Agents, Directors and their friends have agreed to take up 2,00,000 ordinary shares of the nominal value of Rs. 20,00,000 and Messrs. Jhamb Brothers & Co., Calcutta, have underwritten the balance of 1,00,000 ordinary shares of the nominal value of Rs. 10,00,000 and 10,000 5½% Cumulative Preference Shares of the nominal value of Rs. 10,00,000/- for an underwriting commission of 3%. All these shares have been taken up and no shares remain to be offered to the public.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

1. RAJ RATNA RAMJI HANSRAJ KAMANI (Ex-officio) Chairman.
2. SIR N. N. SIRCAR, Kt., K. C. S. I.
3. SIR ADAMJEE HAJEE DAWOOD, Kt.
4. SIR CHUNILAL BHAICHAND MEHTA, Kt.
5. DAWOOD HAJEE NASSER, Esq., J.P., (Hon. Presidency Magistrate).
6. LALA CHHABILDAS JHAMB.
7. POONAMCHAND RAMJI KAMANI, Esq.
8. GIRDHARLAL HANSRAJ KAMANI, Esq. (Ex-officio).
9. BHAICHAND GOPALJI, Esq. (Ex-officio)

MANAGING AGENTS
Messrs. KAMANI BROTHERS, LIMITED, Bombay.

SOLICITORS
Messrs. MOTICHAND & DEVIDAS, Nanabhai Lane, Fort, Bombay.

AUDITORS
Messrs. SHARP & TANNAN, Chartered Accountants, Bank of Baroda Building, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

BANKERS
The Bank of Jaipur Limited, Bombay.
The Bank of India Limited, Bombay.
The National Bank of India Ltd., Bombay.

REGISTERED OFFICE
Devkaran Nanjee Building, 17-B, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay.

OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY.

The Company has been formed for the purposes of carrying on all or any of the objects which are set out in the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and in particular to carry on the business of refining and manufacturing all kinds of non-ferrous metals and alloys including Bearing Metals for Railways, Phosphor Bronze, Manganese Bronze, etc., and the manufacture of sheets, strips, foils of brass, copper, lead, aluminium, phosphor bronze, etc., and wires of various non-ferrous metals. The Company has acquired a well-equipped and up-to-date factory with the land and buildings from Messrs. Kamani Metal Refinery & Metal Industries at Kurla, Bombay.

Before the present war, India's requirements of non-ferrous metals were very largely met by imports from foreign countries while at the same non-ferrous metal scrap was exported to Germany, Japan and other countries. Practically all the Bearing metals for Railways, etc., were imported from abroad and there is a very wide scope for the manufacture of the same in India. There is a considerable production of Brass Sheets in India. But even here, the average annual imports for five years before the present war were 16,000 tons of brass sheets worth Rupees 90 lakhs and about 10,000 tons of Copper sheets worth about Rupees 60 lakhs. The local production represented about 40% of the requirements of the country in brass sheets before the war and in copper sheets it was very much less. It is estimated that after the war India's requirements will be very much greater, both on account of the rapid industrialisation of the country and due to the higher standard of life of the people. The non-ferrous Metals Industry is an essential industry and one of the key industries of the country and will occupy a prominent place in the future economy of the country.

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THE ASSOCIATED CEMENT COS., LTD.
LOSS OF SHARE CERTIFICATES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Share Certificate(s) as shown below of the Associated Cement Companies, Ltd., standing in the name(s) of the undermentioned parties have been LOST or MISLAID, and the undersigned have applied to the Company to issue duplicate Share Certificate(s) for the said share(s).

Any person in possession of the said Share Certificate(s) and/or having any claim to the said share(s) should notify to and lodge such claim with the Company at its Registered Office at Esplanade House, Waudby Road, Bombay, within one month from the date hereof after which period no claim will be considered and the Directors will proceed to deal with the said application and issue duplicate Share Certificate(s), if they think fit.

Share Certificate Nos.	Distinctive number of shares	No. of Shares	Shareholder's name
56168, 56169, 16616, 16617, & 120326	430564|73, 154080|84 and 82992|3001	25	Rao Sahib Khimchand Harjivandas Vora

Dated this 11th day of Sept. 1944.

Shareholder's Signature.
K. H. VORA.
(237A)

THE ASSOCIATED CEMENT COS., LTD.
LOSS OF SHARE CERTIFICATES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Share Certificate (s) as shown below of the Associated Cement Companies, Ltd., standing in the name(s) of the undermentioned parties have been LOST or MISLAID, and the undersigned have applied to the Company to issue duplicate Share Certificate(s) for the said share(s).

Any person in possession of the said share certificate(s) and/or having any claim to the said share(s) should notify to and lodge such claim with the Company at its Registered Office at Esplanade House, Waudby Road, Bombay, within one month from the date hereof after which period no claim will be considered and the Directors will proceed to deal with the said application and issue duplicate share certificate(s) if they think fit.

Share Certificate Nos.	No. of Shares	Distinctive No. of Shares	Shareholder's name.
3237	5	16097|101	Mr. Abbas Ibrahim Jafferjee
4750	5	23662|66	
49001	5	381710|14	
83916	5	578930|84	
116467	5	199347|51	

Dated this 11th day of Sept., 1944.

Shareholder's Signature,
ABBAS I. JAFFERJEE.
(237)

G. I. P. RAILWAY

CLOSING OF CITY BOOKING OFFICE.

BOMBAY MULJI JETHA MARKET

IT IS NOTIFIED that with effect from 14th October, 1944, Muljee Jetha Market City Booking Office, Bombay, will be CLOSED DOWN. 241

NOTICE

THE CONTRACT for hides, horns, and bones for year 1944-45 (1st November 1944 to 31st October 1945) will be auctioned in my office at 10-30 A.M. on the 23rd September, 1944.

DEWAN.
Jobat State, C. I., via Dohad
(B. B. & C. I. Rly)
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PUBLIC NOTICES

AUCTION SALE OF 175 TONS OF CASTOR CAKE AT WARDHA IN THE CENTRAL PROVINCES

THE SARAF OIL MILLS COMPANY, LTD., the Vendors will on account and at the risk of the defaulting Purchasers Messrs. Oil Cake Supplying Company of the Dongri Street, Bhimpura, Bombay No. 9, sell by Public Auction 175 tons of Castor Cake on MONDAY, the 25th day of September, 1944, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at the Godown of the Saraf Oil Mills Company Ltd., at Wardha in the Central Provinces. For further particulars and conditions of sale, please apply to Messrs. MADHAVPRASAD & CO., Attorneys for the Vendors abovenamed at their Office at Yusuf Building, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay, or to the Manager, the Saraf Oil Mills Company Ltd., 325, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

Dated this 11th day of September, 1944.

MADHAVPRASAD & CO.,
Attorneys
for the Saraf Oil Mills Company Ltd.
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PUBLIC AUCTION

AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY

Sale of Municipal plots on the Kalupur Relief Road by Auction.

THE AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY proposes to sell certain formation Plots in Sections III (part) and IV of the Kalupur Relief Road by Public Auction. The plots are situated on the newly constructed road 60' wide, passing through the very heart of the City. The road has already been constructed and is now open to traffic. The plots are freehold and not liable to any assessment by Government. The plots are suitable for business premises, and offer a big opportunity for sound investment. Leading Insurance Companies, prominent millowners and businessmen and large charitable institutions have already purchased some of the plots.

The auction of the plots in Sections III (part) and IV will be held in the Municipal Office (Gandhi Hall) at Danapith on Friday, 22-9-44 at 10 A. M. while the auction of the remaining plots in Section IV will be held in the said Hall on Saturday, 23-9-44 at 10 A.M. The plots will be auctioned jointly or separately at the discretion of the Municipality.

Further particulars and detailed information regarding the plots to be sold can be had from the Estate and City Improvement Officer, from 3 to 6 P. M. on working days free of charge. Copies of plans of each section can be had on payment of Rs. 2/- per copy.

D/- 31-8-1944.

(Sd.) A. M. SEERVAI,
Ag. Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY
Office of the Controller of Supplies, Bombay.
TENDER NOTICE

CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES, Bombay invites tender No. BSY/GABS/1202 to reach him on or before 27-9-1944 at 4 P. M. on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his Office at Rs. 4/- (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash, by money order or Indian Postal Order (quoting Tender No., full name and address of the remitter) for:—

(1) MUGS ENAMELLED 12000 Nos.
(2) PLATES ENAMELLED 12000 Nos.

Applicants not already on approved list of Supply Department Contractors must give their Banker's reference on application for tender form.

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A CAREER WITH A GREAT FUTURE

LEARN AIRCRAFT REPAIRS FREE.

A FEW VACANCIES exist for young men with ambition to learn aircraft repairs at Juhu Training Centre, Bombay and the Training Centre, Poona. Candidates must be of good physique and between the ages of 20 and 35 years. Preference will be given to men who have passed the Technical Training test as fitters. Men with general engineering experience (i.e., knowledge of hand tools, hack saw, etc.) and elementary English will be admitted.

SCALE OF PAY:—Under training Rs. 40 to Rs. 45 p.m. with Rs. 7/8 as rail and bus fare. After training Rs. 2/8 to Rs. 6 per day with dearness allowance of the area.

Apply sharp to:

(1) The Chairman, National Service Labour Tribunal, Hassan Chambers, Parsee Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.
(2) Deputy Educational Inspector of your districts.

(56)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. B20486 for five shares Nos. 247426—430 in the Reserve Bank of India, issued in the name of Mr. Vinayak Narayan Nadkarni has been lost, stolen or mislaid. Due notice thereof has been given to the Bank and all persons are warned against dealing with the share certificate in any way.

V. N. NADKARNI,
Shareholder.
(6019)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

THE CONTRACT for gum, honey and wax of the Jobat State for the year 1944-45 (1st November 1944 to 31st October 1945) will be auctioned in my office at 10-30 A.M. on the 22nd September 1944.

DEWAN,
Jobat State, C. I., via Dohad
(B. B. & C. I. Rly).
243

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

Stores Department.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of Quick Drying White Paint, which should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 P. M. (B. T.) on Friday the 22nd September, 1944 together with an earnest money deposit of Rs. 1,000/-.

Forms of Contract, Specification, etc. will be issued by the undersigned on payment of Rs. 2/- per set.

Tenderers must bring their tenders duly sealed to the Municipal Office and deliver them at the Chief Accountant's Office as directed above. Tenderers shall not be allowed to fill in or seal their tenders at the Chief Accountant's or any other Municipal Office.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner.
A. H. K. SHAIKH,
Controller of Stores.
566, DeLisle Road,
Bombay No. 11.
11-9-1944.
(231)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY
Office of the Controller of Supplies (Disposals), Strand House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of the following stores available with the Controller of A.R.P. Stores, Bombay.

ANTIGAS RUBBER SUITS
CELLS for batteries,
ELECTRIC BULBS, and
OLD SHOES.

The materials can be inspected under arrangements with the Controller of A.R.P., Council Hall, Bombay. Tenders should be submitted in sealed covers superscribed "Tender No. BD/PLAN-652" and should reach this office on or before 4 p. m. on 19-9-1944.
(242)

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from the retired I. C. G.s for re-employment in this office as Inspectors of Station Accounts in a temporary capacity on the following terms and conditions.

PAY:—In the scale of Rs. 150-10-270 for persons entitled to old scales and Rs. 130/- fixed for those in the revised scale determined with reference to their substantive pay at the time of retirement and such subsequent increments as the scale may provide plus dearness, compensatory and House Rent Allowance as admissible under the rules. They will also be allowed certain essential commodities at railway concession rates.

The last date for the receipt of application is 10th October, 1944. The candidates will be required to appear before a Selection Board for interview in this office at their own expense.

Qualified persons already in service can also apply through their departmental officers.

(Sd.) P. D. PANDE,
Director.
Railway Clearing Accounts Office, Delhi.
(236)

THE APOLLO MILLS LTD.

APPLICATION has been received by the Directors of this Company from Mr. Gordhandas Bhanji Narottam Cottage, Khokhani Lane, Ghatkoper, Bombay, to issue duplicate of the share certificate for 100 shares Nos. 660701|800 standing in the name of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co., Ltd., of Bombay, upon the statement that the original certificate together with the relative blank transfer deed executed by Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co., Ltd., as tranferor has been lost. And notice is hereby given that if within 30 days from the date hereof no claim or representation in respect of such original certificate and/or such blank transfer deed is made to the said Directors at the Registered Office of the Company, situated at DeLisle Road, Chinchpokli, Bombay, they will then proceed to deal with such application for issue of a duplicate share certificate.

J. S. DAWDA,
Secretary.
Bombay.
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NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for supply of 300 brass of 2" Metal 100 brass of 3/8" down metal at our Kalyan Factory situated on Murbad Road. Quotations ex-quarry as well as for delivery at our factory should be given with distance of the quarry from the factory.

Apply to
THE INDIAN HUME PIPE CO., LTD.
Construction House,
Fort, Bombay.
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PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

Office of the Controller of Supplies Strand House, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

TENDER NOTICE.

CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES, Bombay, invites Tender BSY/TIM/730, to reach him on or before 17-9-1944 on forms (not transferable) obtainable from his office at Rs. 10/- (not refundable) per set to be paid in cash by Money Order or Indian Postal Order (quoting Tender Number, full name and address of the remitter) for:—

1. SAWN JUNGLE-WOOD TIMBER—4" x 6"→8" x 8' & up 6000 CFT.
2. SAWN JUNGLE-WOOD TIMBER—4" x 4"—8' & up 24,000 CFT.
3. SAWN JUNGLE-WOOD TIMBER—3" x 6"—8" x 8' & up 7200 CFT.
4. SAWN JUNGLE-WOOD TIMBER—2" x 5"—9" x 8' & up 12,000 CFT.
5. SAWN JUNGLE-WOOD TIMBER—2" x 4"—8' & up 16,000 CFT.
6. SAWN JUNGLE-WOOD TIMBER—1½" x 4"—9" x 8' & up 22,000 CFT.

Applicants not already on approved list of Supply Department Contractors must give their Banker's reference on application for Tender Form.

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NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a temporary post of Stenotypist in the scale of pay of Rs. 75-5-2-90 plus dearness allowance. Candidates should have a stenography speed of 60 words per minute and a typing speed of 40 words per minute. The candidate should be a Matriculate. Age should not exceed 40 years. Applications stating full name, date of birth, domicile, educational qualifications and experience together with copies of testimonials which will not be returned should reach the Controller of Kerosene and Director of Industries, Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay, on or before 16th September, 1944.

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LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Miss LUCIA FERNANDES, Administratrix of the Estate of the late Robert Theophilus Fernandes alias Mario Robert Theophilus Fernandes, of Bandra Christian Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property described in the Schedule hereunder written free from all claims and incumbrances to our client.

Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, demise, bequest, trust, inheritance, possession, charge, incumbrance, lien, easement, or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office in Central Bank Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, within fourteen days from the date hereof, after which date the sale will be completed without regard to any claim or claims not so made as aforesaid.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land, containing area of 959.50 Square Yards or thereabouts situate at Danda Bandra South Salsette Taluka in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, Bombay Suburban District, and being plot marked No. 173 in the Society's Estate plan No. I and bounded, on or towards the North by St. John's Road, on or towards the South by Plot No. 174, on or towards the East by St. Cyril's Road and on or towards the West by Plot No. 172.

Dated this 11th day of September, 1944.

LITTLE & CO.,
Attorneys for the Purchaser.
(234)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION AT 12 NOON

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS AT UNCLAIMED GOODS OFFICE, WADI BUNDER, G. I. P. RAILWAY.

Under instructions from G. I. P. Railway and in accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of Indian Railways Act of 1890, M/s. Bennett & Co. will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY the 28th September 1944, at 12 noon (N. S. T.) at the above place unclaimed goods including: Bags of G. N. Seeds, Cotton Seed, Castor seed, Hirda, Chillies, Turmeric, Rapeseed, Masur, C. Drug, E. W. Cases, Cotton, Cocoanuts, Mattings, Gunnies, Papers, Jagree Carpet, Acid, Canes, Brassware, Bundles of Brooms, Coir Ropes, Hemp, Catachu, Bid; Leaves, Empty Tins, Cloth, Cases of Tea, Shoes, Chappals, Cycle Parts, H. H. Effects, Soap, Tins of Ghee, Oil, Grease, Rose-water, Tallow, Lime, E. Drums, E. I. Barrels, Casks, Basket of Bangles, Chimneys, etc., etc.

Terms—Full amount of 50% deposit and balance to be paid and delivery is to be taken on or before 7-10-44.

BENNETT & CO.

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